

LATEST
News of the World by
Leased Wire.

LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT

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LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

CAPTURE OF THIEPVAL IMMINENT

BRITISH TAKE 400 YDS.
OF TRENCHES AT
FRONT.

BRUSILOFF ADVANCES
BULGARS DEVASTATE
GREEK TERRITORY
IN MACEDONIA.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The early capture of Thiepval by the British is forecasted by the official statement of the war office today. It is announced that the British have captured 400 yards of trenches on the Courcelles-Thiepval road and have made further progress at Monet farm.

Thiepval, which lies near the northern end of the Somme front has been under attack by the British since the great offensive of the allies opened on the first of July. The progress made last night by the British all but encircles the German garrison in Thiepval.

A German attack at Guillemont was repulsed.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26.—Gen. Brusiloff's armies that are driving against the Austro-Hungarians defending the Carpathian passes have made fresh progress, the Russian war office announced today. West of Nadvorna the Russians have occupied Guta, near the Hungarian frontier.

In the Caucasus, the Russians that captured Musch are advancing southward.

The text of the official statement follows:

"In the Carpathians the enemy was dispersed west of Nadvorna. We occupied Guta and reached the sources of the Bystrytsya and by Strysca-Nadvorna rivers in the regions of Rafalov.

"Caucasus front—In the region of Winkylite in the sector of Lake Van there is stubborn fighting. After occupying Musch our troops advanced on the Kurzagu ridge, where a number of Turkish prisoners were taken.

Attacks by the Germans in Champagne and on the Verdun front were repulsed by the French last night according to the official communiqué issued by the war office today. The Germans delivered an assault on the Fleury-Thiaumont line in an effort to fight their way back into the village of Fleury but it broke down, under the French fire.

Both the French and German positions in the sector of Maurepas, on the Somme front, were lashed with artillery fire all night. The big gun duels south of the Somme was very violent.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The great German aerodrome at Namur, Belgium, has been bombed by British naval aeroplanes, the admiralty announced today. One of the British aeroplanes did not return.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The British armed boarding steamer Duke of Albany has been sunk in the North sea by a German submarine with the loss of 24 lives. Announcement of the destruction of the ship was made today by the admiralty. It took place on Thursday.

Big Area in Eastern Macedonia Has Been Devastated.

SALONIKI, Aug. 26.—Bulgarian forces that have been operating east of the Struma river in the sector of Seres, have advanced 20 miles in a southeasterly direction, meanwhile engaging both British and Greek troops. The Bulgarian force is made up of regulars belonging to the Tenth division and Comitadjis.

Infantry, cavalry and artillery are all engaged in the fighting east of Lake Tahinos, where the Bulgarians are engaged in a desperate effort to reach Pravista and Kavala, both of which towns are held by Greek troops. A big area of eastern Greek Macedonia is being devastated. The British have destroyed a number of bridges over the Anasta river and the Bulgars are leaving a trail of desolation in their wake.

Thousands of refugees are pouring toward Saloniki and other coast cities, bringing terrible stories of barbarities inflicted by the Bulgarians, principally the Comitadjis.

Violent artillery duels continue along the center, on both sides of the Vardar river.

On the allies' left wing, however, where the Servians and Russians are engaged in furious infantry struggles are in progress. More positions have been captured by the Serbs on the high ground west of Lake Ostromovo.

Bigger Men Than You Are Wearing White This Summer!



The United Senate, taken individually, believes in white in the summer time. Here are six staid senators, most of them being from the west and south, who refuse to imprison themselves in black in a Washington summer. If white does not harm their dignity why should it hurt that of the every day man who has no hope of going to the United States Senate?

Weather for Ohio and Vicinity

General fair tonight
and Sunday.

Temperature at Solar Refinery

no	60	50	40	30	20	10	0
4 a. m.	60					
9 a. m.	81					
12 m.	83					
2 p. m.	81					

SUMMARY OF THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

Saturday, August 26, 1916.

LOCAL.

Weed violators are warned by Mayor Simpson.

Gale and Harley take vacation from Camp Willis.

Lima represented at national fire chief's convention.

One divorce for every three wed in Ohio last year.

Friends arrange benefit for sick girl Monday evening.

Traffic violators scolded in court.

Cooler weather aid to Cupid is shown by record.

Franciscans will open mission at St. John's September 10.

Matrimonial ties severed by court.

Permits issued for four brick buildings.

NATIONAL.

Railway situation forced to a crisis.

Hitch comes on issue of eight-hour day and 10-hour wage scale.

Selling movement Wall street feature.

Spalding, famous prelate, is dead.

Trade is affected by hot weather.

When it rains the army just sings down in Mexico.

Daniels addresses camp meeting on president's policy.

Vocational course in high schools is plan of U. S.?

Censor notes he is not fool at all.

Staten Islanders revolt as garbage is dumped near.

Naval battle is on at New York.

FOREIGN.

Capture of Thiepval is imminent.

British capture U-boat engaged in laying mines.

FOUL PLAY THEORY IN MARION DEATH

MARION, O., Aug. 26.—Suspecting foul play, police today are trying to clear the mystery surrounding the death of Minty Nyelac, 31, Austrian, formerly of Wadsworth, whose body, showing marks of violence, was taken out of the Erie round house coal pit by the huge coal dipper early this morning. The pit contains about six feet of water. Coroner W. J. Weiser said that the man had been dead six or seven hours.

MOB STONES GIRL'S ASSAILANT.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 26.—Four hundred infuriated men and women at the Lucas county fair beat and stoned John O'Donnell, 33 years old, into insensibility because he took a nine-year-old girl into a stall of a live-stock barn and tried to attack her. O'Donnell was rescued by a squad of patrolmen and special detectives. The mob waited to kill him.

GETS PERMITS FOR 4 BRICK BUILDINGS TO TOTAL \$54,000

Four building permits, for the erection of structures, aggregating \$54,000 in value, were issued by Clerk of Council James I. Heftner this morning to D. C. Dunn. One \$20,000 business block with flats above, a \$16,000 apartment house and a \$10,000 combination business room and hotel building are included in the program of Mr. Dunn.

Directly opposite the Memorial hall, on West Elm street, will rise a brick building containing two business rooms and two flats. This is to cost \$20,000. The \$10,000 permit is a business room with a hotel above, on South Union between Spring and Elm streets. This will also be of brick.

Sixteen thousand dollars is to be the cost of a brick apartment house at the corner of North and Collett streets. It will be a two-story edifice, containing quarters for the accommodation of three families. The remaining permit, for \$8,000, calls for a brick business room with a flat above, to be located on South Union street, between Spring and Elm streets.

6-YEAR-OLD GIRL DIES TO SAVE BROTHER

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 26.—Six-year-old George Appel of Dent, Ohio, is a hero. He sacrificed his life to save that of his brother Nicholas, 3.

As the boys attempted to cross the picket a market wagon obstructed the view of C. W. Killin of this city, driving his automobile, and he was upon the children before he could stop the machine.

George, seeing the impending danger, gave his younger brother a quick push out of harm's way, but George himself was caught by the machine and his life crushed out. Killin was held blameless for the accident.

THIEF STEALS WILL.

AKRON, O., Aug. 26.—While Mrs. C. W. Gasser, Boston Mills, this country, was reading the will of a relative she had just buried, a daring purse-snatcher grabbed her pocket-book, and the will and skipper were taken.

The incident happened at the gates of Glendale cemetery in broad daylight. "Mrs. Gasser had \$23 in the purse she told police.

GALE AGAIN HEADS G. O. P. EXECUTIVE BOARD FOR COUNTY

Brings Major Harley Along
on "Furlough" From
Camp Willis.

Lima Now Has Complete
Control of County in
Each Party.

By David W. Bowman.

The democrats will do business on the level this year. Plans are being laid for the securing of ground floor suit of rooms to serve as headquarters. The republicans will retain their high position on the third floor of the Holmes block.

The executive committee of the G. O. P. organized last evening. The same mysterious power—political or personality—which accepted Col. Albert E. Gale after his rejection by the federal authorities for excess adipose tissue saw to it that he got a furlough of 24 hours. So Gale was there to prevent any monkey-business with his organization, although the personnel of the committee precluded the fear of any revolt. He brought Major John Harry along with him.

In the presence of the two well-filled uniforms the committee re-elected Gale chairman. Sixteen of the nineteen members were present. Harry E. Simonton, who has been secretary, was given the additional job of vice chairman, with Clerk Arthur J. Morris, of the board of elections, as treasurer. Unless the Camp Willis delegation gets a furlough for the campaign, Simonton will be virtual director of the republican campaign this fall. The fireworks are timed for October.

The democratic executive committee is scheduled to organize Tuesday evening, according to Chairman David E. Baxter of the new central committee. The names mentioned in connection with the chairmanship are those of Warren J. McLaughlin, head of the retiring committee, and Miner C. Crossley.

The action of the board of elections in increasing the number of precincts in Allen county with the city of Lima getting nine of the twelve new voting districts will have the effect of making the rural districts subservient to the Lima organizations in both parties.

As it stands now, the city precinct committee outnumber the farmers 28 to 25 in each party's central committee, but the new ratio is 37 to 28. In the past the city members have had the majority, but not so greatly as this. With only a three-vote lead the Limaites have not always been able to do as they wished, but there is now a chance for the rural members to block anything. The city members have shorter distances to travel. Not only that, but their lead is safe. The farmers in each party must take what Lima's organizations dole out, there being no recourse except boltting.

In this line it might be significant to note that with the exceptions of the commissioners and one other candidate, the republican county ticket is a strictly made-in-Lima ticket.

Fourth district political observers are beginning to wonder what sort of a gold brick has been handed to Northwestern Ohio in the selection

(Continued on Page Two)

RAILWAY SITUATION FORCED TO CRISIS

Hitch Comes On Issue of 8
Hour Day at 10 Hour
Wage Scale
DECISION COMES MONDAY

Both Sides Will Submit Ultima-
tums to President Wilson
Before That Date

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—With their counter proposition ready, declining to grant the "big four" brotherhood chiefs the eight-hour work day on a ten-hour wage basis, the railway presidents and managers today waited for opportunity to present it.

The strike danger was acute, but officials said that it was unlikely that any definite action could be arranged before Monday at the earliest, as, after the railroads make their proposition to the president, he will be compelled to consider it carefully and then pass it on, if he so desires, to the brotherhood committees.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The railroad strike situation was extremely acute this afternoon. President Wilson's efforts to get an agreement between the roads and their union employees are in grave danger of defeat. The situation was as follows:

The railroad presidents and managers were in secret session in the presidential suite of the Willard Hotel. They had agreed to reject the president's demand that they give the "big four" brotherhood employees an eight-hour work day on a ten-hour wage basis unless the unions would submit the proposition—and all collateral suggestions—to arbitration.

The brotherhood committee behind closed doors in the Bijou theater, talked over plans for the strike, that they have agreed shall be ordered if the railroads don't accept President Wilson's original proposition.

The men were in a very bitter mood and would take very little to drive a majority of them off the reservation.

They openly asserted that the railroad chiefs were trying to "hoodwink" the public; that they had accepted the president's offer at a great sacrifice, and that if he could not make good that offer, then they would strike and put the blame on the roads.

President Wilson remained in his study in the White House admittedly gravely troubled but determined to continue his efforts to avert a strike. The only word that came from the White House was that the situation was serious but by no means hopeless.

STRIKE SITUATION IS GRAVE

Day Opened With Crisis Imminent in Railway Controversy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—An atmosphere of gravity today surrounded negotiations for the settlement of the impending nation-wide railroad strike as the discussions shifted to the basis of the counter propositions evolved by the railroad heads.

The situation was described as serious but by no means hopeless as the railroad presidents and managers submitted their new settlement proposal to President Wilson for consideration by the representatives of the four railway brotherhoods.

Both sides had made final preparations for a strike emergency today. The representatives of the brotherhoods had drawn up the formal notice of strike, to be served on the railroad executives at the very moment it appears that a peaceful settlement by the railroads.

Two weeks ago Godowsky, employed in the salt mine, became separated from his companions and before he could reach the shaft of the mine, the electric lights went out. Wandering through the various passages he struck an unused shaft and becoming fatigued fell into a pool of salt brine. Here he lay exhausted, eating nothing but salt from the side of the mine and drinking nothing but the brine at his feet.

Physicians declare that the blackness of his body was the result of drinking and lying in the brine and they gave that as a cause for his being alive.

When the young Pole was missed a few days after his disappearance it was thought that he had left the country. Friends, however, declared that they had not seen him come from the mine, and it was through their effort a searching party entered the mine Tuesday.

The searchers were about ready to give up the task when some of the men came upon the passageway which had been unused for years and found Godowsky lying in the salt brine which was about a foot and a half deep. When a light was flashed upon him he exclaimed in Polish: "My God they have found me at last."

The party picked up the man and carried him to the shaft. When he reached the open air he momentarily lost consciousness but was soon revived and rushed to the company hospital. Although he is in a fragile condition from his long fast, physicians today held out hopes for his recovery.

VEGAS GET JEWELS.

the present pay basis and the proposed new plan should be impounded in the custody of the interstate commerce commission or some other federal authority, pending the permanent settlement of the dispute by arbitration. If the arbitrators awarded a permanent eight-hour day basis the fund would be distributed to the men. If they refused an eight-hour day, the money would go back to the railroads. Meantime an arbitration commission to be named by the president or in any other equitable way, would take charge of the entire dispute including the various contingent controversies attached to the eight-hour demand.

In the final consideration of the plan the executives decided to eliminate two proposals brought in by their committee. They decided that no formal agreement could be made as to an increase in freight rates to meet the wage increase, and determined to make that matter the subject of a gentleman's agreement with the president and other federal officers. They likewise determined to allow the president to handle on his responsibility the proposal for the creation of a permanent wage commission.

While no formal statement was forthcoming, it was plain today that the railroad proposal was far from satisfactory to the brotherhood representatives. They planned to formally consider the proposal, however, after it had been submitted to the president by the railroad executives. The brotherhood representatives were notified to meet the president at noon while the executives call was earlier in the day.

TRADE IS AFFECTED BY HOT WEATHER

Dun's Review Finds Recession in the Volume of Business.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Dun's Review has this to say regarding trade conditions:

Various influences, most of them temporary, have caused some recession in the volume of business. Production and distribution have both been lessened appreciably by oppressive heat over a wide area, while in some industries the necessity of re-pairs has become imperative and in others belated inventories are being taken. Operations at many of the works are also hindered by the scarcity of raw materials and shortage of labor, and the high prices and generally sold-up condition of mills and factories naturally tend to restrict buying. Yet if in some important departments business moves under-reduced momentum, in nearly all it is surprisingly large for the mid-summer period and previous gains should be augmented as the season advances. Extensive preparations are made for a general resumption of activity in the fall and winter, and in certain branches, notably in pig iron, the revival has set in earlier than expected. Notwithstanding the diminished harvests, the labor unrest and other disquieting elements, optimism continues the dominant note in reports from every section of the country. But while the magnitude of forward plans testifies to widespread confidence in the future, the absence of speculative excesses constitutes the best feature of the situation. It is noteworthy that in spite of the recent remarkable expansion in commerce and industry, with profits unprecedented, there is still manifest a commendable disposition to confine commitments within the limits of safety. In this respect, at least, existing uncertainties are productive of good. Measured by bank clearings at centers outside New York, business this week is over 20 per cent larger than last year, though not all of the gain is in quantities, as prices are appreciably higher. Buoyancy on the Stock Exchange has continued along wholesome lines, while strong monetary conditions promote the supremacy of this country in the financial markets of the world.

SPALDING, FAMOUS PRELATE IS DEAD

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 26.—Archbishop John Lancaster Spalding, who has been in failing health for the last two weeks, died here yesterday.

The end was not unexpected and members of the archbishop's family were at his bedside. The archbishop was 76 years old.

The funeral of the archbishop will be held on Tuesday at 10 o'clock in the St. Mary's Cathedral, over which he presided for years. It is expected that Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore will officiate.

The services will be solemnized with solemn pontifical requiem mass celebrated by Bishop Edward M. Dunne.

Archbishop John Lancaster Spalding was one of the oldest and most beloved prelates in America. He numbered among his warm friends not only men and women of his own faith but of others.

Former President Roosevelt was one of his great admirers, and during the twenty-odd years that the archbishop was active about Washington he had many friends in both houses of congress. Bishop Spalding's public services outside of his diocese were largely in connection with labor and educational issues and in these he was brought in touch with practically all of the leaders in these fields.

Archbishop Spalding was born at Lebanon, Ky., June 2, 1840. Nine years later he received his A. B. degree at St. Mary's college, Maryland, and during the next 15 years studied extensively abroad. He spent much time at the university of Louvain, Belgium.

In 1863 he was ordained to the priesthood, becoming secretary to the bishop of Louisville. Six years later he was made chancellor of the diocese there, and the following year was sent to New York, where he spent seven years.

On May 1, 1877, he was consecrated Bishop of Peoria, where he served continually until his resignation in 1908 because of his ill health.

Archbishop Spalding was an author of distinction. Among his works are the Religious Mission of the Irish People, Lectures and Discourses, Education and the Higher Life, Things of the Mind, Means and the Soul, Religion, Agnosticism and Education, Religion and Art and Other Essays.

Archbishop Spalding is probably best remembered by the general public for his work in settlement of the great anthracite coal strike in 1902. He was a member of the commission appointed by President Roosevelt to bring peace in the mines and his individual efforts that he was universally admired and respected long after by the miners and operators alike.

WOMAN IS ARRESTED.

LORAIN, O., Aug. 26.—Police have arrested Martha Marshall, wife of Julius Marshall, also being held by police pending an investigation of a mysterious fire in the Marshall home Sunday night. Both pleaded not guilty of arson and are held under \$1,000 bonds. Firemen claim they found gasoline and kerosene sprinkled in room and closet.

FIRE MARSHALS INVESTIGATE.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 26.—Deputy state fire marshals are investigating the fire which caused over \$150,000 damage in two lumber yards. Eight fire companies were still working on the blaze this morning. Fire Chief Wallace and the lumber company officials are unable to account for the blaze.

BETSON'S BUY WORTH WHILE

Old Trunk That He Bought Proves to be Treasure Chest.

WOOSTER, O., Aug. 26.—Edward Betson, a Wayne county farmer, was riding past the auctioneer's stand at the Adams Express company auction of unclaimed packages in Wooster a short time ago. The aisle crier was offering a trunk for bids. "Dump it into my wagon and I'll give you 30 cents," remarked Betson. The auctioneer received the amount of the bid and Betson got the trunk. Arriving home he found two new suits of clothes, a dozen new automobile caps, a set of very fine tools and a roll of bills amounting to \$25. It is said that the tools resemble those used by burglars, and it is thought that the trunkful of stuff was taken in a burglary somewhere and shipped to Wooster and that the one who shipped it got "cold feet" and was afraid to appear and claim it.

CHILDREN CRUSHED.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 26.—When a dug-out in which they were playing caved in today, Elmer Merritt, 9, and Eugene Garvey, 10, were buried, but were rescued by firemen and a band of laborers. The Merritt boy lost his left ear and was badly bruised.

HE DIDN'T WASTE IT.

A little boy went to Sunday school for the first time. His mother gave him nickel to put in the collection box. When he returned he had a sack of candy.

"Where did you get the candy?" asked the mother.

"From the stand around the corner."

"But what did you buy it with?" "With the nickel you gave me."

"But that was for Sunday school!"

"Well," replied the boy. "I didn't need it. The minister met me at the door and got me in free."—Rocketer Times.

CLEVELAND—If a canary Jack Bressler is charged with borrowing in a "rag time singer," he'll be acquitted, but if it sings classical songs as Mrs. Mary Toth, who claims to be the rightful owner, maintains it does, she can recover it on replevin proceedings. Police Judge White ruled today.

MRS. EDMONDS' FUNERAL.

Funeral services for Mrs. Anna Edmonds, widow of the late E. E. Edmonds, who died at her home at 416 East North street, yesterday afternoon, will be held on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the late residence. Interment will be at Woodlawn.

SMOTHERED IN OATS.

MANSFIELD, O., Aug. 26.—Carl Davis, 20, of Ashland, a farmhand, was smothered to death late Friday, near Hayesville, when a mow of unthreshed oats gave way burying him. Conrad Fox, 87, owner of the barn, had his right arm fractured and his breast bone broken.

WRECK BLOCKS TRAFFIC.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 26.—Derailment of 16 cars on a southbound Norfolk & Western freight train at Valley Crossing, near here, early today tied up traffic for over four hours on both the N. & W. and the Scioto Valley traction lines, which run parallel. No one was injured.

INFANTILE PLAGUE DROPS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The number of new cases of infantile paralysis took another drop today but the deaths were three more than yesterday. The number of new cases reported today was 91 compared to 94 yesterday and the deaths 25.

PULLMAN INVADES OHIO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The Pullman company will shortly begin the erection at Mingo, Ohio, of a branch plant for the construction of steel cars. Two hundred acres of land have been purchased for the site at a cost of \$200,000. Employment will be given to 5,000 workers.

CHEEKY JOHN FOSTER.

In "William Harrison Ainsworth and His Friends" the author, S. M. Ellis, tells a quaint story of Ainsworth and his friend John Foster. Ainsworth had discovered a fine set of Hogarth's engravings which was held at \$5, a sum which he said, "I could not just then spare or, at least, did not think I ought to spare. I took John Foster down to see the Hogarths, whereupon he actually said that he would and must have them himself, and as he had not \$5 of loose money at that moment I should lend that sum to him. I pointed out the absurdity of the position—that I wanted the engravings for myself, and could not afford to lay out the money; how, then, could I lend it to him? It was of no use. He overruled me, had the \$5 of me and bought the Hogarths; I was longing for."

THE UPSTAIRS.

"What was that rumpus at your house last night, squize?" "That," replied the old codger, "was my beloved niece singing at a mark."—Judge.

MOSES LEADS ALLEN COUNTY TEACHERS FOR COMING YEAR

Charles H. Moses, superintendent of schools at West Cairo, was elected president of the teachers' institute, at the close of the session yesterday. Mr. Moses, who has been very successful at Cairo, and who has been re-elected as head of the schools in that place, will no doubt, make a fine presiding officer.



Charles H. Moses.

The cutting down of districts in Allen county, thereby taking fewer district superintendents, was recommended in the resolution, adopted at the close of the institute. The appointment of W. E. Baxter of Marion township, as school examiner, was commanded in the resolutions. The county board took this action at a previous meeting.

Nearly two hundred attended the sessions of the institute during the week. Each day's work was deemed a great success by the teachers in attendance. Supt. F. E. Kirkendall of Greenville, one of the instructors, was asked to be returned next year as instructor, in the resolutions.

THE IDLER

Fred W. Zeitz, superintendent at the state hospital farm, is ill of typhoid fever.

The Men's League of Zion Lutheran church will hold a meeting on Tuesday evening in the basement of the church.

The annual reunion of the Lytle brothers and their families will be held at Faurot park in this city on Wednesday, August 30. This is the seventh annual reunion. Members are expected to bring well-filled baskets. A musical and literary program, with a big dinner in the open air, will be features.

City Auditor Rupert was busy this morning paying off the first estimates to contractors and inspectors on the street improvements in the city.

Gus Kalb, N. L. Ransbottom and Miror Crossley, members of the estimating board on the five sewer improvements, will report the first part of next week.

Charles W. Finch, of Columbus, will shortly move to Lima. He has taken charge of the local branch of the Central Ohio Oil company. He has been connected with the company for a number of years.

Mrs. Olivia Sprague of the Thomas apartments, was taken yesterday to Ft. Wayne by Dr. A. L. Jones for an operation. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Nora Sprague.

Mr. Franklin Light of 218 North Washington street, who has been sick for several months, has suffered a relapse and is in a critical condition.

Dr. E. G. Weadock, left today for the east, where he will visit the eastern hospitals in behalf of his profession.

Nearly one hundred members of the States and Harris families assembled at McCullough lake park for their annual reunion. The Rev. D. F. Harris of Wyandot county, delivered the annual reunion address. This was the ninth annual meeting. The reunion next August will probably be held in Lima.

Mrs. Jollif was removed from her home at 340 South Union street, to the city hospital last night in the Williams & Davis invalid coach.

Marion Vermillion, now a resident of Cridersville, but former chief of police at Lima, acted as chief of police at the Auglaize county fair grounds this week at Wapakoneta.

Robert Reid, who was operated on at the hospital two weeks ago, was removed to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reid, of South West street, yesterday. It will be some time yet before he will be able to get up and around.

Miss Bland, who is the owner of the Bland millinery shop on West High street, has recently returned from New York, where she attended the fall fashion opening.

RAILWAY SITUATION DELAYS MOVEMENT OF OHIO MILITIA

Col. Gale and Major Harley of Second Regiment, Home Today.

Lieut. Col. Gale and Major John Harley, both officers of the Second regiment encamped at Camp Willis, were visitors in the city today. Both looked healthy from the outdoor life to which they are subjected. The avoidupsis characteristic to the two officers, however, has been reduced by the stringent exercise in camp duties.

"Although it is not commonly known," said Gale, "the only thing that is holding the national guard in camp at Columbus in the strike situation which the president is facing just now.

"Everything with the exception of a few supplies has been distributed to the troops in anticipation of the move to the Mexican border. If the order should come to move it could be complied with inside of a few hours."

"Even the route that the guard will take has been selected. Arrangements have been made with the Big Four railroad to furnish rolling stock for moving the troops to Cincinnati. From there the Queen and Crescent will transport them to New Orleans."

"However, from there on the movement of the troops remains a secret. It is hardly possible that the destination of the body of men will be known until after their arrival in New Orleans."

According to Gale the lack of supplies is still a big handicap toward working the men assembled in camp. He states that about 200 men are barefoot, or practically so. Although the war department claims to have placed large orders for this part of equipment, they are having trouble getting them.

Officers at Camp Willis are of the opinion that no order will be given toward the movement of the national guard camps through the United States until a satisfactory settlement of the strike is made.

SIMPSON DEMANDS ALL WEEDS BE CUT

Mayor B. H. Simpson stated today that unless persons violating the weed ordinance complied immediately to his demand that they be cut, they would be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Complaints were made to the head of the city administration all morning in regard to uncult weeds the size of trees being allowed to grow on lots in different parts of the city. Some violators have been warned before to heed the law, but have failed to comply with it.

Simpson stated this morning that they are not only a menace to public health, but are unsightly in appearance and detract from the beauty of the well kept lawns and properties which they happen to surround.

PARK GRANT'S FUNERAL

Funeral services for Park Grant, retired farmer, who died last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Lenny, residing 7 1/2 miles northeast of Lima, on the Findlay road, will be held Sunday at the Church of Christ in Beaverdam. Interment will be made at Beaverdam. Three other children are left. They are: Oren and Owen, of Beaverdam, sons, and Mrs. Samuel Law, of Oklahoma.

PERSONALS.

Miss Mayme Brady of Delphos, was in Lima this week, attending the sessions of the teachers' institute.

Miss Flossie Grainger, who will teach this year in Monroe township, came from her home in Columbus Grove to attend the sessions of the Allen County Teachers' Institute.

SHEFFINGTON WIDOW TELLS OF TRAGEDY

DUBLIN, Aug. 26.—Mrs. F. Sheffington, was the first witness today when the government investigation of the shooting of F. Sheffington, Fred MacIntyre and Thomas Dickson was resumed today. She denied that there had ever been a Sinn-Fein uniform in her home, but admitted that there was a German flag in the house. Sheffington was arrested at the time of the Dublin uprising and shot without trial. Another witness Mrs. F. Kettle, sister of Sheffington, told of an attempt made by her sister and herself to obtain information concerning Sheffington's fate at Porto Bello barracks, but both were placed under arrest and conducted to the orderly room under an armed guard.

An officer said to them: "We have evidence that you are Sinn-Feiners and that you have been seen talking to others."

COLUMBUS—Ada Keneson, hospital nurse, was instantly killed when she sought to play a joke on an elevator operator by jumping into the car when he was not looking. The girl was crushed when the elevator was suddenly started.

MATRIMONIAL TIES SEVERED BY COURT

Mrs. Anna George was given a divorce by Judge Klinger in common please court today from John E. George, who was not in court. Gross neglect of duty was the grounds on which the decree was given. The plaintiff was assessed the court costs, and she was restored to her former name.

Mrs. Bertha M. Court was yesterday afternoon given alimony in the sum of \$5,000, against Samuel T. Court, and the same was made a lien on his real estate. Court did not appear to contest the case. A few days ago he made an assignment of the stock and fixtures of his bicycle and repair shop in North Main street, including also an Inter-State automobile. The Courts have been living on West Market street.

Mrs. Mabel C. Hooker yesterday afternoon asked for divorce from William R. Hooker, to whom she was married in Kosuth, Ohio, on August 9, 1906. Among the many charges made is that Hooker brought women to their home for immoral purposes while she was absent. For three years he has been habitually

BILL DRAFTING CONFERENCE TO MEET IN CHICAGO

**Bad Legislation Through
Faulty Planning Sought
to be Corrected.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 26.—John A. Lapp, member of the executive in charge, announces that the first annual bill-drafting conference will be held in Chicago, August 29, in connection with the meeting of the American Bar Association. Mr. Lapp, who is director of the Indiana bureau of legislative information, is associated with the following in arranging for the Chicago conference: George S. Godard, Connecticut; Thomas L. Parkinson, New York; Miles C. Riley, Wisconsin; and A. B. Sheldon, Nebraska. At a meeting in Washington last December the bill-drafting conference was organized. Its purpose is to propose some arrangement whereby members of state legislatures may learn how to draft bills properly so that these bills, if enacted into law, will square with the constitution, and will not be set aside because of technical defects. The idea is of national interest because of circumstances leading up to the present condition.

About 10 years ago Dr. Charles McCarthy, of Madison, Wis., apprehended the need for information in the drafting of bills. A movement was begun, as a result of which, in several states, bureaus of legislative information have been established. There is one such in Indiana. To these bureaus legislators are privileged to apply for information on a given topic. The facts thus obtained may be utilized in proposing new laws or amending old ones. The benefits of such dissemination of truth are apparent.

But this improvement has developed another fault, that of defective bill drafting. In some European countries, where legislative initiative rests with the government, standardization is not difficult. It is different in the American states, however, as initiative and enactment into law must always rest with the representatives of the people. Under our conception of government this is as it should be. But it not infrequently happens that legislators do not know how to draft bills properly. "It has been estimated," says Mr. Lapp, "that about 25 per cent of the statutes declared unconstitutional by American courts, have met their fate by reason of formal defects. The number of adverse decisions indicates that bills do not always receive the scrutiny which they ought to have, and with few exceptions American legislative bodies have in the past made no systematic provisions to avoid failures of this kind. The preparation of bills in this country is a hazardous and extremely irresponsible business."

Therefore it is proposed to devise an arrangement whereby legislators can acquaint themselves with technique as well as facts. "The movement," explains Mr. Lapp, "must be inaugurated and maintained by the voluntary action of the houses, and it must adjust itself to the opinions, prejudices and idiosyncrasies of a large and frequently not too well disciplined membership very jealous of its prerogatives."

"The formation of this new association," says Mr. Lapp, "calls attention to the rapid spread of the movement for extending to the formal side of law making the type of expert service with which we are gradually becoming familiar in other phases of government and administration. The drafting of bills relates to the formal side of legislation and is generally and justly considered the job of a drafting expert. So far as there are established rules of bill drafting they fall within the province of legal science."

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

Examinations will be given Tuesday morning, August 29, at 8 o'clock, at the High School Building, to high school pupils who took the summer school work and to eighth grade pupils who were assigned subjects for removing conditions during the summer vacation and who present certificates from the instructor showing that they have completed the work assigned.

All pupils who will attend high school are requested to call at the principal's office on Wednesday, Thursday or Friday next week to arrange schedule.

CLEVELAND—Two street cars crashed together on the Brooklyn-Brighton bridge, injuring Motorman Wm. Yahrauson about the legs. No passengers were injured.

FIGHTING FOR AN EMPIRE IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Major J. C. Wedgewood, a member of parliament, has just returned after spending six months on the staff of General Smuts, who is slowly but surely throttling resistance in East Africa, Germany's last colony. Writing in a London newspaper he says the former Boer general has wonderful gifts for the peculiar kinds of warfare which must be waged in this vast land, an undeveloped empire of magnificent possibilities.

The particular feature of General Smut's tactics is their success," Major Wedgewood says. "His remarkable enveloping movements invariably achieve their object, and one realizes how invaluable in this part of the world is the experience of the Boer cavalry. To his knowledge of local conditions and the way to deal with them he adds absolute secrecy to his plans. No one but himself knows what he proposes to do until the last moment. Such a general would be the despair of the most skillful espionage system in the world.

"General Smuts does not spare himself in the field, and to see him up at the front is to be afforded a revelation of his energy. One would have smiled to see him pushing his motor car whenever it got stuck in the mud or in some morass. Like the troops he lives on dried meat.

"In appearance he is short, thick-set, with an imperial beard and shrewd eyes. He suggests the lawyer rather than the field commander, though he is both. One remembers he was attorney-general at 28.

Speaking English perfectly, one is only just made aware that he is not an Englishman. "The only idea of the Germans seems to be to hold out as long as possible, but we have already won the settled portions of the colony, which is the area where Whilhelmstal is situated.

"It is hardly possible to convey any idea of the difficulties of campaigning in an enormous country like German East Africa, where there are no roads and where the bush is so dense that two armies can pass without one being aware of the other's presence.

"Then, again, there are objections

of fighting in a zoological garden with a prowling lion or some other wild beast of prey to dispute a water hole with your sentry. Transport is frightfully hard to arrange. Motor transport is always liable to break down, which is understandable, seeing that every road has to be made and reliance to a large extent has to be placed on native carriers, but the genius of Smuts continues to overcome all handicaps and food and other supplies do somehow manage to reach the troops.

"Part of General Smuts' advance has been marked by the building of a light railway, carried forward at the rate of two miles a day. The ground offers little resistance to heavy loads and the rails gradually sing until they become embedded in a sort of cutting. I have seen a train crawl along for a mile or two and then stop while the men got out and cut some grass to put underneath the sleepers (ties) to prop them up.

"Though the task of discovering the enemy owing to the thick bush is a tremendous business, we contrive to locate him and it is a case all the time of forcing him back. The decisive battle, to my mind, was the battle of Latema, that was fought through the night. By winning this battle General Smuts placed the issue of the campaign beyond doubt.

"Smuts has a great sense of humor—his stories, told half in Dutch and half in English, are delightfully quaint—and what particularly amused him was to find out that Germans, concluding from the first 12 hours' fighting that the battle was turning in their favor, decided they had won a great victory to be appropriately celebrated by a champagne banquet in Moshi fort. The next evening we were in the fort.

"I suppose it would be right to call General Smuts' staff the most remarkable of any of our war staffs, including as it does representatives of the most vigorous fighting Boer element. The commander of one of the regiments, for instance, is the son of the man who captured Majuba Hill, Colonel Ben Smith, so magical are the transformations wrought by time."

VOCATION COURSE IN HIGH SCHOOLS IS PLAN OF U. S.

Bill to Give Federal Aid to Training for Work Passes Senate; Up to House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Uncle Sam will put a vocational training course in every high school in the country if a bill that has just passed the senate also passes the house. Indications today are that the bill will become a law.

The bill was introduced at the same time in both houses by Senator Hoke Smith and Representative Hughes, both of Georgia. It is an elaboration of the federal aid system by which the government annually contributes nearly \$100,000 to each state for the maintenance of agricultural colleges and experimental stations, as well as \$4,100,000 to carry on the rural extension system of vocational instruction for farmers.

The proposed law is the result of a steadily growing conviction that the prospective farmer, or, nowadays, scientific agriculturist, should be extended the opportunities of an agricultural schooling at an early age and not be compelled to attend the agricultural college for the rudiments of his trade.

It has been felt that a large proportion of boys destined to make their living from the soil are unable to afford a college education and need high school credits for college entrance now.

To standardize and nationalize the high school aid work the Smith-Hughes bill provides that the United States shall share in the payment of salaries to state teachers, inspectors and directors in state high schools. It also provides for a federal board of vocational education.

This board, which would consist of the United States commissioner of education as chairman and four members to be appointed (not more than two from any political party) by the president. This board and state educational authorities would co-operate in outlining courses.

The state relations service of the department of agriculture has pursued the system still further by preparing a comprehensive system of courses in agriculture. These have been offered to the states for use in their grammar schools, in the rural districts.

Alabama, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Maryland and Vermont have installed the course in all their elementary schools since the initiation of the plan a year or so ago.

DAYTON FLIES DRUNK.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 26.—Flies in the postoffice have become drunkards according to Postmaster Forest L. May, who says that the winged nuisances are eating the first coat of decoration off the postoffice walls and the alcohol in it turns their heads. May says it takes three blows from a swatter to even make them tumble about.

Read the TIMES west column.

IF IN NEED OF TRUSSES, CRUTCHES OR ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS. TRY THE KLINGLER DRUG CO. Corner Main and Spring Sts.

CENSOR NOTES HE ISN'T FOOL AT ALL

Discovers Device of Officer to Let Wife Know His Whereabouts.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—"The censor is not the d— fool you take him to be."

This line was penned by a British censor on a letter from an officer at the front to his wife, in which a ingenious code was discovered. It meant to disclose where the husband was fighting, but it was spoiled by the censor and an order was issued prohibiting such practices.

Before the officer who wrote the letter left for the front, he got two maps showing the entire British fighting line. The maps were identical. One he left with his wife and the other he took with him.

Thereafter, each time he wrote a letter, he placed the stationery on his map, stuck a pin through it directly over Paris, another directly over Brussels, and a third at the point where he was stationed.

On receiving the letter, his wife would place it over her map, adjusting the pinholes over Paris and Brussels, and her husband's whereabouts would be indicated by the middle hole.

This is one of a score of codes discovered by censors. England does not censure relatives of men at the front for wanting to know the locality in which they are fighting, but such disclosures become a menace.

FINDLAY—Four steers on the Brooks farm were killed by one bolt of lightning during an electrical storm.

HOTEL 200 Rooms

COLUMBUS

Long and 5th Sts. FIREPROOF ROOMS \$1—with Private Bath \$1.50

Ask your grocer for
**PRIDE OF LIMA
FLOUR**

Wheat Labor Capital

make PRIDE OF LIMA flour, for twenty years the local standard winter wheat flour, good for bread, pies, cakes and pastry.

MODEL MILLS

Manufacturers of
PRIDE OF LIMA CHARM CHOICE FAMILY and MODEL BEST Flours.

WE ARE GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

The Home Builders' Realty Company is going out of the Home Building business, and in order to close up our affairs quickly, we are going to dispose of the properties we have left at a sacrifice.

Your Last Opportunity

This is your last opportunity to buy one of those Honor Built Homes for which our Company has become famous.

Eleven Hundred Homes

We have built over eleven hundred homes in Lima.

Eight hundred of them have been sold on easy terms, many of them to people who would have never owned a home but for our easy payment plan.

We have seven new modern homes on Hazel Avenue in the San Felice Addition that were built to sell for from \$3,000 to \$3,500. These homes have five and six rooms, each and are complete with furnaces, baths and hardwood floors. They are all new and tasty designs. In order to move them quickly, the prices have been reduced to \$2,600 to \$3,000, and will be sold for ten per cent cash and the balance in easy monthly installments.

We have three new bungalows on O'Connor Avenue, all complete with baths and hardwood finish and floors. Built to sell for \$3,000 each, but we have cut the price to \$2,600.00.

We have a few homes in West Lima that are modern and right up-to-date, which we will sell at a big reduction in price.

JEAN COURT

We have five of those tasty bungalows left in Jean Court. They all have hardwood floors and finish, furnaces, baths with tile floors and tile side walls, fireplaces with built-in bookcases. These bungalows are complete even to the window blinds and curtain rods. The lots are 40x100 feet. Improvements are all paid for. Buyers who want every convenience in compact form and who want to be free from the servant problem, will find just what they are looking for in Jean Court.

The prices run from \$4,250 to \$6,000, which are from \$500 to \$1,000 less than you could buy the ground and duplicate the buildings for. These homes will be sold for \$500 cash and the balance easy.

We have a few homes in South Lima which we will sell below cost—ask about them.

Vacant Lots

We have twenty-one vacant lots scattered around in different parts of Lima. We will build no more homes, so have no use for the lots.

If you want to buy a vacant lot, ask about these. We will sell them at bargain prices.

We have many homes other than those mentioned.

If you have any idea of buying a home, don't miss this opportunity to secure one at a saving of from \$300 to \$500.

The Home Builders' Realty Co.

PHONE, MAIN-1024.

\$10 SAVINGS BLDG.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT

FOUNDED 1879

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TRAGEDY OF HUGHES

The following editorial, under the caption, "The Tragedy of Hughes", is from the New York "World" of August 17:

"Where is Hughes gone? The Hughes of 1908?" inquires the "Times". That is what Democrats and Republicans alike are asking themselves—the Democrats with astonishment and delight, the Republicans with bewilderment and disgust.

The Hughes that New York used to know, the Hughes whom the world supported in 1906 and in 1908, has disappeared. In his place we have a Hughes of the Penrose-Cannon-Gallinger type, whose mind never arises above the petty partisanship of Republican organization politics. The speech he is delivering in the west might be made by any ordinarily clever young Republican candidate for the state legislature.

No other candidate for president within the memory of living men ever ran downhill so rapidly as Mr. Hughes has done since the day following his nomination. It is both the campaign sensation and the campaign mystery of the country. Whenever men talk politics, the one question is, "What has happened to Hughes?"

Nobody has answered that question; yet it admits of an answer, and the explanation can be found in Mr. Hughes' Chicago speech when he said, "As I was on the bench 100 per cent a judge, then became 100 per cent a candidate."

That is where the Hughes of 1908 has gone. He has disappeared in the Hughes of 1916 who, the 100 per cent a candidate, the country thought the Republicans were now casting a great leader who would 100 per cent a judge, with all that it implied—a leader who was just, fair, learned, honest in all his statements upright in relation to all the great issues of the campaign and fearless in his discription of them. Instead they suddenly find a man who has changed himself from 100 per cent a judge into 100 per cent an office seeker, with all the ingenuity, with all the evasions, with all the dodging and twisting and deliberate misrepresentation that usually characterize the 100 per cent office seeker. Hughes the judge and statesman has been swallowed up in Hughes the candidate.

That is where the Hughes of 1908 is gone.

The Hughes of 1916 is merely a partisan aspirant for office. He as rails President Wilson, but he has no policies of his own. He abhors his opponent, but he offers no constructive programme. He has even forgotten the courtesy that ought to exist between opposing candidates for president.

The Hughes of 1916 sneers at President Wilson's successful efforts to keep the country out of war with Germany, but he is afraid to say what he would have done that the president did not do, or what he would have left undone that the president did. He ridicules President Wilson's efforts to bring a new order of things out of the Mexican chaos, but he dare not say what he

Weddings Without Love

Famous Writer Gives Some Advice to a Girl Who Asks Her Opinion.

By Dorothy Dix.
A YOUNG girl asked me advice the other day about whether she should marry a certain man who had asked her to be his wife. "My love him," I assured her, "she replied, "but he is a good man. He is comfortably rich and my mother wants me to marry him."

"Well, then, let mother marry him," said I. "Don't you do it, for if you marry a man you don't love you will be miserable ever after, no matter if he is a saint and a millionaire combined."

A woman's affection is the medium through which she looks on life. If she does not love him her husband cannot please her, though he were a model of all the virtues.

If, on the other hand, she loves the man who shares it with her, she can be perfectly content in a two by four flat. She can prefer doing her own cooking to going to balls, and be blind as a bat at weakness at which all the world jeers.

For this reason no woman should ever marry unless she is wildly, frantically, madly in love. A man may marry a woman for whom he has only a mild and lukewarm regard and get along in reasonable comfort, because after marriage love is only a side issue with him, anyway.

The Masculine Code.

Besides, the masculine code requires a man not to Welch, and when he makes a bad bargain to stick to it, as the indifferent husband is not infrequently fairly comfortable one.

But women are notoriously poor losers, and, no matter how deliberately they make it, when they find out that the marriage of convenience, or the marriage of ambition, or the marriage for money in a failure, they have no shame in squalling, as our sporting friends say, and thus it happens that the unloving wife is invariably a complaining and disagreeable one.

Now, no woman can live with a husband she does not love and be happy, and not one woman in a thousand has the strength of character to do her duty as a wife unless she is happy, or treat a man right not because she wants to but because she ought to.

Of course, the girl who marries a man for whom she has only a pale pink friendship despises herself by thinking that her liking will warm up into hectic love after marriage

TRAVELETTE BY NIKSAH.

CORONA.

Corona is a living proof of the fact that it is not necessary to be large in order to have a personalty. There are few towns, if any, that are smaller than Corona, but

you will find the picture and the memory of the little southwestern hamlet striking in your memory after the impression made by more ambitious centres has faded into the vague gray background of the past.

Corona over some of its individuality to the enterprise of its citizens, but not all by any means. Of course, when a saloonkeeper labels the yellow face-front of his place of business with letters a foot high—“Whiskey—the Road to Ruin!”

you are likely to remember his town for a time, if only as a place where people have sentiments slightly out of keeping with their occupation.

Corona is something of an oasis in a country where most of the infrequent cities have gone dry by local option, and when some cow-puncher

has ridden forty miles to look upon the cup that cheers, he regards that cup as a piece of exquisite facetiousness.

Corona lies high in the hills as its name was intended to indicate

PUBLIC FORUM

The Searchlight

A. CAMPAIGN OF FAKEHOOD AND ABUSE.

Editor, Times-Democrat.

When Mr. Hughes declared that Blacksmithing is no longer a trade. It has been developed into an attempted destruction of manufacturing plants in the United States it is a skilled profession and like all others was not an unreasonable inference or supposedly masculine calling had that the campaign on the part of the republicans leaders would be one of abuse and falsehoods.

Mr. Hughes and many of his chief supporters—with some highly honorable exceptions—sound the republican spellbinders until the 7th of November. He accuses the president of having declared war on Mexico. He knows the chief executive has no constitutional authority to declare war on any nation. That is the function of congress. Professor Schurman of Cornell university repeats the accusation.

The sending of war ships to Vera Cruz and the landing of marines was not an act of war. The United States sent battleships to China during the Boxer uprising fifteen years ago; so did Great Britain and Germany. President McKinley was not censured nor accused of declaring war on China.

It has often been said that politics in a dirty pool. The political leaders who for a partisan purpose attempt to mislead the people depend on their ability to corrupt public opinion for success. Judge Hughes and Prof. Schurman discredit themselves by such performances.

N. C. A. RAYHOUSER.

SCOFFERS PAY THE PENALTY.

Those who ignore warning signals

distorted kidneys and scoff at

dangers or serious consequences of

ten pay the penalty with dread dia-

betes or Bright's disease. If you

have lame back pains in sides, sore

muscles, stiff joints, rheumatic aches

take Foley Kidney Pills and stop

the trouble before it is too late.

H. F. Vortkamp.

THE DESIREURATUM.

"George, what do you have to do when you draw some money out of a bank?" asked an innocent young wife.

"You have to put some money in the bank beforehand," replied the husband. "That's always been my experience!"—Exchange.

WORKED THE WRONG WAY.

Belle (examining photo)—But is not your expression here just a bit—diabolical?

Res—Yes, he got me mad by tell-

ing me to look pleasant!—Boston Globe

WOMAN GRADUATE BLACKSMITH

Blacksmithing is no longer a trade. It has been developed into an attempted destruction of manufacturing plants in the United States it is a skilled profession and like all others was not an unreasonable inference or supposedly masculine calling had that the campaign on the part of the republicans leaders would be one of abuse and falsehoods.

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The lad dismounted and held the bridle of the donkey tightly in his hand.

"Why are you holding on to your brother so hard?" asked a group of soldiers who were standing near and wanted to tease the country boy.

"I'm afraid he might enlist," said the lad, without batting an eyelash.—Exchange.

CLEVELAND—Chas. E. Dahli,

40, insurance man, committed suicide in a downtown skyscraper

Gains 25 Pounds in 30 Days

Remarkable Experience of P. G. Clark Builds Up Weight Quickly.

"I was all run down," writes P. G. Clark. "I had to quit work I was so weak. Now, thanks to tonoline, I look like a new man. I gained 25 pounds in 30 days."

"Tonoline has put 10 pounds on me in 14 days," states Chas. Brackett. "It has made me sleep well, enjoy what I ate and enabled me to work with interest and pleasure."

If you would like to put on a few pounds of good solid flesh, we will send you Free a 500 box of tonoline to prove what it will do for you.

Address the American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass., enclosing 10 cents to help pay for postage and packing.

For sale by Butler's Drug Stores and Thompson's Drug Store.

HEALTH HINTS

SIMPLE PROCESS PROTECTS

CHILD AGAINST PLASIE

In many diseases physicians can produce immunity at will by the injection of a vaccine or serum. This is called vaccination.

The most familiar of the vaccines is the one which is used to protect against smallpox. This disease was once the most terrible of all the maladies which affected mankind.

Many parents fear to have their children vaccinated and would rather run the risk of their contracting disease.

Yet there is not the slightest danger in the process of vaccination when it is carried out with fresh clean virus, now guaranteed by government inspection, and when the vaccination is kept clean.

"Sore arms", which so alarm many mothers come from getting dirt into the vaccination, and not from the vaccine which has been injected into the system.

Effect Wears Off.

The protective effect of vaccination wears off after a time. Every child should be vaccinated when about one year old and again at the age of seven.

This last is more important, for then the child must mingle with hundreds of others at school and be exposed to hidden infection.

One of the most successful vaccines discovered in recent years is that used to protect people against typhoid fever. The use of this vaccine has practically eliminated typhoid fever from the United States.

NEW YORK—Miss Leah Lynch, niece of a New York justice, developed a dapper young man with her suit case when he tried to "mash" her in a railroad station.



One More Week!
Buy Twice as Much
BUTTER-NUT
BREAD

as Usual—This

Week—and Get

Lots of FREE

MOVIE TICKETS

Good at Lyric and Majestic Theatres

Last Day of Exchange, Aug. 31

United Coupons as Usual, Continue



One More Week!
Buy Twice as Much
BUTTER-NUT
BREAD

as Usual This

FEDERAL-AID ROAD ACT

Soc'y of Agriculture Discusses Features of New Law.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—At a meeting of the state highway officials, held August 16, 1916, in Washington, to discuss tentative rules and regulations for carrying out the federal-aid road act, the secretary of agriculture made the following statement:

"The Federal-aid road act and another law—the co-operative agricultural extension act—that the department is charged with the duty of enforcing, establish a new principle in American government, the principle of co-operation between federal and state officers. They are the only laws I recall which recognize and insist upon this principle. They are therefore very significant. Heretofore federal and state officers have too frequently looked at one another across the line, sometimes with apprehension as to what the other was going to do or think, sometimes with jealousy, not infrequently with friction. We serve the same people. They have a right to the best service of the representatives of both jurisdictions. You represent the states. I represent the federal government. Together we are charged with the execution of a very difficult and very important law."

"I need not emphasize before you the importance of good roads. Most intelligent people who think about good roads know that they are essential to comfortable living, essential to proper community development, especially to the development of rural life, to efficient production and orderly marketing of farm products, to good schools, and to the development of a satisfactory rural life."

"Many people, however, do not appreciate this, and I have occasionally met road officers who, when the importance of good roads was emphasized, have said: 'Yes, but they cost so much.' Apparently they have not thought how much more bad roads cost, not only in dollars and cents, but also in all those indirect ways for which one can make no definite calculation."

Large Expenditures for Roads.

"This law appeals to me as of special importance, not so much because it carries with it out of the federal treasury an appropriation of \$5 millions of dollars, not because it will be met by an appropriation of 75 million or more out of state funds, if all the states accept the act, but because as great as is the aggregate, it is relatively insignificant in comparison with amounts the states are now annually expending and will spend during the period covered by the act."

"I remember that, on one occasion, when I was speaking to a public official about the road bill and suggested that we ought to begin with a modest initial appropriation of three, four or five millions of dollars, he expressed surprise and said that such an amount would not get us anywhere; that the expenditure by the nation of a few millions of dollars for roads would be merely trifling with the matter. I asked him if he knew what the people of the nation were contributing annually for road building, that the nation was already expending the equivalent of nearly half of what the Panama Canal has cost. Of course he did not. And the majority of people do not realize that the nation is expending approximately \$250,000,000 a year for roads."

Results for Money Expended.

"The main question that I am immediately concerned with, that the people of the nation are immediately concerned with, is whether we shall get a dollar's result for every dollar we expend for roads. I am quite sure that if we do so and we can convince the people that we have done so, they will be willing to put much more money into good roads where they are needed. Therefore, the matter of administering this law, of devising good road systems, of careful selection of roads, of formulating projects, of developing plans and specifications, of having all matters considered on their merit by competent men, seem to me to lie at the root of this business. If, as the result of this act, the people are induced fully to realize the necessity of placing skillful and experienced men in charge of road building and road maintenance, a great advance will have been made and the efforts of those who labored to secure the legislation will have been rewarded."

Employment of Experts.

"I assume, as a matter of necessity, that this law will require the employment in every state of experts, of real experts. This word is very much misused and abused, as the word 'theorist' is. I frequently hear a contrast drawn between the theorists and the practical men. There is no basis for it. The classification ought to be into good theorists and bad theorists, of practical men and impractical men. A really good theorist is highly practical; and so is a real expert. The public is somewhat suspicious of experts, because, I think, so many people pose as experts who are not. When the public sets an expert aside, it is worth while to inquire carefully into the expert's claims and competency."

"I repeat that this act will necessitate trained intelligence in the service of the state as well as in the service of the federal government. The act requires the state to accept it. That, as I understand it, implies the assent of the state to every provision of the act. One of these provisions is that projects, plans, specifications and contracts shall be submitted and approved; and I have a suspicion that plans and specifications will not be approved unless the

law is now without them."

"The law involves another thing, the pledge of the faith of the state to meet in full federal appropriation for the entire period covered by the act. The state legislature may not be able to appropriate money for the whole period covered by the act, but it can pledge the faith of the state to meet the financial provisions of the act for the period covered by it. This is as it should be. It would be unfortunate if it were otherwise. It would be wasteful not to make plans at the outset for the full period covered by the act; it would mean piece-meal road building and much dissipation of effort and misdirection of funds. These requirements hold whether the state as such, under the existing law, may engage in road building or not. The provision that where the state may not engage in highway improvement the money may be secured if counties raise an amount sufficient to meet the apportionment to the state, involves the necessity on the part of such counties of raising an amount sufficient to meet the full apportionment for the state, the existence of a highway commission, and compliance with all the other terms of the act. I speak of this because there are evidences that individual counties think that, if they raise a certain sum of money, they will of necessity get a corresponding sum from the federal treasury. That is not my construction of the act and not the one that will be likely to prevail."

"The duty will rest upon you gentlemen who represent the states of informing the people as to the meaning of this legislation and as to the procedure under it, because the initiative under the law lies with you. We are directed to cooperate with you, with states through state highway department. It is your duty, if your state accepts the law, to agree with us on roads to be constructed and to submit projects, plans, and specifications. Therefore, individuals, associations, and counties will of necessity take up such matters directly with you, and we shall hear from them through you for the most part."

National Forest Roads and Trails.
"There is a section of the act which contemplates only parts of the country. The nation owns great areas, especially, in our western states, and is acquiring areas in certain others of our states. The nation owes a duty to the people living in the national forests or near them, in many instances communities struggling for development have been compelled to rely too exclusively for necessary improvement on the taxes from private property, or on private contributions. It is true that under the law we have heretofore been setting aside for road improvement 10 per cent of the gross receipts from the forests. This has been an inconsiderable sum, nearly three-quarters of a million dollars since the act was passed, and approximately \$278,000 for the present fiscal year. But in some sections there are no receipts from the forests and communities have been left to struggle as best they could. The government in many instances in the owner of the greater part of these assets, and it is only equitable and wise that the federal government should assist them. So there is appropriated by the act \$10,000,000, a million a year for 10 years, for the construction of roads and trails in or near the national forests, with the understanding that communities interested will cooperate financially and otherwise. Those of you who represent forest states, as a matter of course, will think of coordinating work under your direct state road funds and those arising under the general provisions of the road act with the work to be undertaken under this special appropriation."

Legislation to Aid Distribution.
"I am hopeful that great benefit will accrue to the nation from the wise and efficient administration of this act. It is one of a series of measures recently conceived and enacted for the development of rural life. We began by formulating a law on similar lines, the cooperative agricultural extension act. We then enacted the cotton futures law to give the cotton farmers and dealers standards to trade on and to secure supervision of the operations of futures exchanges, a similar law to establish standards for grains and to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in them, and the warehouse bill for the better storage of staple crops and for the emission of a warehouse receipt which would be good collateral for loans. We have given an opportunity to the national banks to lend funds on farm mortgages, and have extended the period of maturity for farm paper and adopted the federal farm loan act. All these lie in the field of distribution as does this road act, which lies at the foundation of satisfactory and orderly marketing."

Attitude of Agriculture Dept.
"I have come here today mainly to meet you and to express my appreciation of the very ready response you have made to the request of the department to give it information and the benefit of your experience in framing the rules and regulations for the administration of the federal aid road act. I am a very great believer in cooperation, and I think one saves much trouble by beginning to cooperate at the outset."

"I repeat that this act will necessitate trained intelligence in the service of the state as well as in the service of the federal government. The act requires the state to accept it. That, as I understand it, implies the assent of the state to every provision of the act. One of these provisions is that projects, plans, specifications and contracts shall be submitted and approved; and I have a suspicion that plans and specifications will not be approved unless the

News of the Churches

The last of the union street meetings, being held on the Public Square on Saturday and Sunday evenings during the heat season, will take place tonight and tomorrow night. After that time the churches will re-open for the fall season and ministers will be in their own pulpits.

The sermon this evening at 7:30 o'clock will be delivered by the Rev. G. W. Lilly, pastor of the High Street United Brethren church. On Sunday evening at the same hour, the Rev. J. A. Spyker, pastor of the Second street Methodist church, will be the speaker. Both ministers have arranged helpful sermons. Good music will be a feature.

The First Christian church, which has been worshipping at the Y. M. C. A. during the time repairs and improvements are being made on their church building, will worship Sunday morning and hold their Sunday school at Faurot park. The shelter house will be the scene of the big gathering.

Tomorrow will be the closing day of the conference year at Grace Methodist church. A full attendance of the membership is requested. In the evening the Rev. Warren J. Dunham, pastor, will speak on "The Price He Paid." This church will entertain the annual conference, opening the first week in September.

BAPTIST.
South Lima Baptist. Pine and Kirby streets. Floyd Dudley, pastor. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Morning service at 10:30. Subject: "The Second Greatest Commandment." B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30. Subject: "The Lost Son."

CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Central Church of Christ. 525 West North street, A. B. Houze, pastor. J. E. C. Brentlinger, Bible school superintendent. The school meets at 9:15 a. m. The pastor has returned from his vacation and will conduct morning worship at 10:30 o'clock. Subject: "Some Vacation Findings." Union services on the public square, 7:30 p. m. Monthly meeting of the official board Tuesday, 7:30 p. m.

South Side Church of Christ. Kirby and Central. Cecil Franklin, pastor. W. E. Parlette, S. S. Sept. 9 a. m. Bible school, 10:30, communion and sermon: "The Rewards." 6:30 p. m., Senior C. E. 7:30: preaching; subject, "Essentials of Perfect Work." The Loyal Men's Bible class will conduct the dinner meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

Christ Church, Episcopal. West and North streets, Arthur M. Griffin, rector. Services for the tenth Sunday after Trinity. Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30; morning prayer and sermon at 10:30.

ously, we shall have no difficulty. I pledge that the department of agriculture will approach the administration of this law in that spirit, and will cooperate heartily with you to give the people of the nation full value for the money which they have pledged under this act."

Any Straw Hat in the house, choice, \$1.00.

MICHAEL'S LIMA REPRESENTED AT NATIONAL FIRE CHIEFS' CONVENTION

Fire Chief Mack of the local department, and Ralph W. Austin, engineer of the Gramm-Bernstein Motor Truck company, will leave tomorrow morning at 1 o'clock for Providence, R. I. They will attend the Fire Chiefs' National convention to be held there August 29, 30, and September 1. The latest improvements on fire apparatus will be on display and Chief Mack stated this morning that if there was anything new that the Motor Company of Lima has not heard of, they are going to have it.

Eight out of ten chiefs from the different cities in Ohio will be present at this convention. Besides these, chiefs from all parts of the United States and Canada are expected.

TOLEDO.—Mayor Milroy reinstated 66 policemen and 74 firemen laid off because of lack of funds.

BETTER THAN SPANNING. Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with bed difficulties by day or night.

CATHOLIC.

St. Gerard's Parish.

Rev. John G. Behr, C. S. R., su-

perior. Rev. Martin T. Mulligan, C.

S. R., assistant. Rev. John Grell,

C. S. R., and Rev. Henry Sippel, C.

S. R., missionaries. Sunday ser-

vices: Masses, 7:30 and 10:30 a. m.

Baptisms, 3 p. m. Week-day masses:

6 a. m. and 7 a. m. Holy days of

obligation: 5 a. m. and 7 a. m. Confession:

Saturdays, 3:30 p. m. to

6 p. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. John's.

Rev. John Mizler, pastor. Rev.

Joseph Alten, assistant. Sunday ser-

vices: Masses, 5:15, 7:45 and 10:

30 a. m. Baptism, 1 p. m. Benediction,

3 p. m. Week-day masses: holy days

5:15, 8 and 8 p. m.; week-days, 6:30

and 8 a. m.

Church of St. Rose.

Rev. A. E. Manning, V. F. rector.

Rev. W. A. Tobin, curate. Rev.

Alphonius Roach, assistant. Masses:

6:30 and 8 a. m. on school

days; other days 6:30 and 7:30.

Sundays: Low mass, 7 and 11 a. m.

High mass, 9 a. m. Holy days of

obligation: 5:30 and 9 a. m. Benedic-

tion, 2 p. m. Vespers and

benediction, 3 p. m. Confession, Sat-

urdays, 3 to 6 and 7:30 p. m.

Thursdays before first Fridays, same

hours. Evens of Holy days, after 7:30

p. m., and every morning, except

Sunday, from 6 to 6:30.

UNITED BRETHREN.

High and Cole streets. G. W. Lilly,

pastor. Bible school at 9:15. P. C.

Heron, Supt. Christian Endeavor

at 7 p. m. Topic: "Carelessness vs.

Thoughtlessness." At 7:45 evening

worship and sermon, "The Sovereign

of the Sea." Midweek services Thurs-

day evening.

ZION LUTHERAN.

Wayne and Elizabeth streets. Rev.

A. K. Boerner, pastor. Sunday

school at 9:15 a. m. John A. Mohr,

superintendent. Main service at

10:30 a. m. Sermon by pastor, "The

Tears of Jesus." No evening service.

METHODIST.

Kirby and Elizabeth, Warren J.

Dunham, pastor. This is the closing

Sunday for the conference year,

and every member of the church and

Sunday school is requested to be

present. Officers and teachers will

meet at 8:30 a. m. and the Sunday

school at 9 a. m. The pastor will

preach at 10:30 a. m. Junior Ep-

worth League, with Ruth Bachmayer

as president, will meet at 2:30 p. m.

At 6:30 general class meeting and

Epworth League, R. W. West will

be leader of the league service. The

girls.

"A-a-hem, a-a-hem," the young

men will croak, hind, well—

"Sgot to be stopped," sgot to be

stopped." Police Captain Frank

The Week In Society

MARIEN NAGLE

ONCE, many years ago, it seems, there was a time when Society fled from her capitol, and took herself into solitude, and rest, where there was neither dance nor bridge, nor yet reception. All in the course of a month or six weeks, she chased the tired look out of her eyes, rested her aching feet, and slowly, but surely, acquired an appetite for the winter whirl of pleasure. Then, but not until then, did she return.

But that was many years ago, or better, many seasons ago. Now there can be no time when the appetite appears jaded, for Society sets her pace in January and stops in December, only to begin again in January. No one has time to rest if one would keep up to the standard set by her mistress. Lima society has taken no rest, not even when one thought she would. From the tea, to the bridge party, to the luncheon, to the reception, to the dance, to the dinner, she has kept the summer an unusually gay one, and as for her winter plans, who can say? If we might judge from summer precedent, we could say that only the superlative degree of gay could be applied.

The Woman's Music club is now completing their membership list for the coming year, over seven hundred names being now enrolled on the associated list.

All members having cards in their possession are requested to send them to Mrs. R. O. Woods before the first of September.

All music lovers, men or women, who desire to become associate members are invited to send their names to Mrs. R. O. Woods, of South Metcalf street.

Members of the Beta Epsilon sorority have issued invitations for a dance at McBeth's park to be given Wednesday, August 20.

Members of the sorority are the Misses Margaret Gregg, Florence Price, Fawn Parent, Margaret Abrams, Christine Fligley, Mary Katherine Roby, Martha Roby, Florence Schell and Ruth Hamilton.

Mrs. J. M. Mills, of West Market street, is visiting friends in Springfield.

Mrs. Della Hadsell Zimmerman, of Defiance, is the guest of relatives in Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Taylor and daughters, Alice and Marjorie, of Flushing, L. I., have recently moved to Lima, at 648 West Spring street. They expect to stay here for a year, during the absence of Mrs. Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Neubauer, of South Metcalf street, have left for several days in New York City.

The Luther league of St. Paul's Lutheran church will hold an outing and corn-roast on Thursday afternoon and evening. They will go to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Zerbst, west of the city, for this pleasant affair.

The Ladies' Aid society of Calvary Reformed church will meet on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. C. Sassi of 817 Richie avenue. A social and business session will be held.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Nichols of South Jameson avenue have as their house guest Miss Mary MacDowell of Troy, Ohio.

Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Young left last week for a trip through Indiana. Mr. Young returned yesterday. Mrs. Young, however, is spending another week at her former home, at Walarus, Ind.

Mrs. Clara Hoover and Mrs. Ida Bowsher, who have spent several weeks at Niagara Falls, Toronto and Buffalo have returned to their home here.

Mrs. Richard Haddens of Los Angeles, who has been the guest of Mrs. A. T. MacDonnell of West North street, left yesterday to be the guest of Mrs. Leo Parmely of Macatawa Park, Mich.

Every Friday Is a Lucky Day to Phone SHOOK'S

If you failed to phone last Monday, look today over your wearables and select a few dainty waists or garments and send them here. That will prove one of the most pleasing acts you ever performed. Arrange to start regularly with us Monday by sending your laundry and clothing to be cleansed or dry cleaned.

Shook's

The Misses Charlotte and Emma Seibers of West Market street have as their guests Miss Mary Feibers of Cincinnati and Miss Ellice Lochs of Kenton. Miss Ochs is a musician of rare ability, especially well known in the music world as a harpist of talent.

Miss Ruth Margaret Parrett and her mother, Mrs. Jane E. Parrett, of West North street, who for the past six weeks has been in the west, returned to their home yesterday.

Among the Lima women who spent several days at the cottage of Mrs. A. J. Manion at Toledo Beach, were Mrs. J. J. Robbins, Mrs. Claude Pebble, Mrs. C. N. Breese, Mrs. W. H. Holzel, and Mrs. Robert Treaster.

Mrs. S. M. Williams and children, of Lakewood leave today for ten days at Orchard Island.

Mrs. Ruth Hamilton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Hamilton of West High street, and Miss Fawn Parent, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Parent of West Market street, have been accepted as students in the freshman class of Western College for Women at Oxford, Ohio.

Because of the crowded conditions there and the fact that the student requirement has been raised this year, the mere admission to the college implies a compliment.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Huddle and daughter of Moline, Ill., and Misses Irene and Helen Talbot of Kansas City, Mo., who motored to the home of Mrs. J. C. Light, of South Baxter street last Tuesday, returned yesterday to their homes.

Miss Mary Louise O'Connor, who has been the guest of Miss Helen and Miss Irene O'Connor, of west Wayne street, has returned to her home in Urbana.

Mrs. Sarah Binkley, of La Salle, N. Y., is visiting with her son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Binkley, of Rice avenue.

Miss Helen Bowman, Miss Pauline Bowman and Miss Audrey Akerman and Mr. Harold Bowman left Tuesday on a motor trip to Cedar Point, Toledo and Cleveland. They are expected to return next Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Peters, of West Market street, have as their guest, Miss Mary Fisher, of Grand Rapids.

Mrs. R. G. Garretson of Coalinga, Cal., arrived yesterday for several weeks' visit with her mother and family, Mrs. Simon Spillacy, of West North street. Mrs. Garretson was formerly Miss Cecilia Spillacy.

Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Longsworth of the Thomas apartment are guests of Mrs. Longsworth's sister, Mrs. Evans, of Paulding.

There will be a special meeting of the Shakespeare club next Friday afternoon at the library promptly at 2:30. The purpose of this meeting is to approve of the program made for next year.

Miss Mabel May, of West Wayne street, and Miss Marie Hanold, of Wapakoneta, are the guests of friends for the week-end at Russell's Point.

Miss Irene Bowersock returned to her home Thursday after several days as the guest of the Misses Olga and Hulda Abe, of Wapakoneta.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hebron, of Indianapolis are the guests of Mrs. Hebron's sister, Mrs. F. L. Neth, of West Spring street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Evans and daughter were the guests Thursday of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bowers, of Wapakoneta.

As a Hawaiian Maiden at Summer Dance.



Members of the Home Makers' class of the South Side Church of Christ, will hold their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. W. E. Born, of 919 Tanner avenue, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Hemker left yesterday for Delphos where she will be the guest of friends during the coming week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Bassler and Mrs. George Roeder have returned from a motor trip to Sturgis, Mich. They were accompanied to Lima by Mrs. Charles Bassler, of Sturgis, who is the guest of Miss Edna Bassler.

Mrs. Fred Stevens and son, George, are the guests of Mrs. Stevens' brother, Mrs. James Killan, of Wapakoneta.

A very attractive affair was that given yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. H. C. Greene, of Atlanta, Ga., by Miss Rowena Kahle at her home on West Market street. Bridge and five hundred tables were placed in the rooms of the home which were filled with baskets and bowls of pink tea roses.

Miss Helen Wemmer won the prize of the bridge and that of the hundred games was won by Miss Marjorie Newell. Mrs. Greene was also the recipient of a very pretty present.

Immediately after the finish of the games a delicious lunch was served by the hostess who was assisted by Esther Kriete, Katherine Young, Margaret Cooper, Dorothy Wheeler and Dorothy White.

Included in the guest list were:

Misses Mildred Catt, Marie McKenna, Magdaline Stolzenbach, Mary Stolzenbach, Margaret Abrams, Helen Wemmer, Esther Wemmer, Fances Wright, Margaret Stolzenbach, Hazel Wright, Marian Dunn, Dorothy Collins, Clara Graham, Besse Creps, Helen Thompson, Harry Thompson, Cecil Agster, Margaret Parmenter, Florence Price, Helen Basinger, Fawn Parent, Margaret Graham, Clara Bell, Alice Bell, Josephine Sherwood, Ruth June, Gail Dorse, Gertrude Spannagle, Helene Spannagle, Margaret Gregg, Christine Fligley, Martha Roby, Mary Katherine Roby, Ruth Hamilton, Marie Nagel, Helen Klinger, Louise Peiser, Lucy Cullen, Helen Pence, Eleonore Isham, Lenore Boose, Mary Fisher, of Grand Rapids; Miss Katherine Kable, Bess Sharpley, Marvel Cook, Marjorie Newell, Marian Sullivan, Lenore Bigley, Dora Johnson, Kathryn Wyre, Marjorie Henderson, Violet Bradley and guest, Miss Bell, of Columbus; Amber Blackstone, Caroline Croft, Marian McCoy, Eleone Brice, Pauline Hoover, Aileen Hoover, Helen Hunter, Eva Hopper, Josephine Shafer, Erma Angell, Helen King, Gladys Siebers, Margaret Newman, Hortense Spallacy, Marjorie Borges, Elizabeth Newsom, Margaret Hoagland, Helen Kerr, Hilda Leete, Edna Kriete and Nellie Kriete.

Miss Elizabeth Newsom will leave this afternoon for a house party at West Milton. Friends from Ohio Wesleyan will make up the party.

Misses Berdie and Ola Cary of West Kirby street, have as their guest, Miss Jeanette Mechling of Toledo.

Miss Josephine Forbes and Wallace Forbes are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. J. B. Whitman, of South Woodlawn avenue.

Miss Elizabeth Agster of Lakewood, who has been the guest of Mrs. Levi Reichelderfer in Toledo, has returned to her home.

Miss Carlotta Agster, who has been at the University of Columbia, at New York, has returned.

Misses Pauline and Viola Cajacobs and Melville Cajacobs are the guests of friends in Wapakoneta.

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Daily Fashion Hint



A charming summer frock is shown developed in pearl grey voile, the bodice being a simple affair with frills of self fabric

Two inch tucks are arranged at even intervals in the skirt, affording an attractive detail. Button pumps and a smart glazed kid hat complete the outfit.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR TO HIKE

All Christian Endeavorers and friends are invited and urged to go on our hike next Wednesday evening. Plans have been made for a good social time. Let all Endeavorers of the city together with their friends come and enjoy a good time. Meet at First Christian church at 7 o'clock. Don't miss a good time planned especially for you by the Lima C. E. Union.

BEN HUR, NOTICE!

Members of Lincoln Court, No. 23, Tribe of Ben Hur, will hold their weekly meeting on next Wednesday evening at Central hall. All members should attend, as arrangements will be made for the annual Labor Day picnic. Business of importance will be considered. Sara Glentzer, scribe.

PRIEST LEAPS TO DEATH

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Father Ignatius Tomazin, a Roman Catholic priest of Albany, Minn., committed suicide here today by leaping from his room on the sixth floor of the Hotel Sherman. His crushed body was found in the courtyard below. Father Tomazin was 70 years old and was making a short vacation in Chicago. He had been in ill health for some time, and was accompanied by Mrs. Martha McCluskey, a nurse, who occupied an adjoining room. A note addressed to her was found in the priest's room.

A RARE TREAT

Tommy wanted to go to the movies, but his mother objected. "Aw, you never let me go no place," he whimpered.

"Why, Tommy," exclaimed his mother, "what shocking bad grammar you use! Can't you speak more correctly?"

"Sure, I can," said the boy, "if you'll only give me a chance. You ought to hear me say, 'Yes, mother, you let me go wherever I want to'" —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wart ads in The Times-Democrat always bring quick answers.

MARRYING A BUTTERFLY By MRS. EVA LEONARD

Ethel Discovers That She Has Been Very Extravagant in the Purchase of Food.

"IN THESE days of high prices, named, and then the expensive cuts cannot be bought very often," Mrs. Morton gave a decided nod to her head.

"We lived on sirloin and porterhouse steak. It was the only thing we could cook. I say we, for Ralph fried it." The old lady shook her head gravely at this recital.

"Oh, I could help Ralph save for home if you will help me make out menu that will come within that figure," Ethel's eyes shone.

"I suppose you do not know anything about governments. It is a mistake. Women should keep themselves informed about all the affairs that interest men. How else are they to be companions to their husbands? A budget is a sum set aside for a certain purpose. You will never get anywhere saving till you decide what would be a reasonable amount to spend on food and clothing, etc. Then make your expenses come inside of that amount."

"How can you? You must eat. The girl's eyes were wide with astonishment.

"That is where management counts. Everything does not cost the same. Choose things that will make your meals come within the price set." The old head nodded her emphasis.

"What do you think is a reasonable amount?"

"I have never kept house in town and there are so many things that a farmer produces on the place that my budget would not be of any help to you, but Nell has studied this question. She has become quite a manager. She says their expenses average two dollars a week apiece for each person."

"Do you mean for everything?" queried the girl.

"All table expenses. Of course that does not include any fuel."

"Why, that would be only \$16 a month for food for Ralph and me."

The voice was full of astonishment. "Our meat bill alone was as big as that sometimes and our grocery bill ran around thirty dollars."

"With meat as high as it is, you cannot serve it more than once a day and keep within the limit I have

(To be continued.)

THRIFT AND AVARICE

Thrift is good and avarice is bad. You don't have to be avaricious to be thrifty.

DANIELS ADDRESSES CAMP MEETING ON PRESIDENT'S POLICY

Shows How Wilson Has
Kept United States
Out of Conflict.

JACKSONVILLE, Me., Aug. 26.—Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels in a speech to those attending the Methodist camp meeting here today defended President Wilson's course regarding Germany, Mexico and preparedness. He said all Americans owed the president a lasting debt for keeping America out of war.

"It is the easiest thing in the world," he said, "for an executive to so act as to plunge his country into war. But it requires statesmanship to steer the ship of state through tortuous waters and whirlpools on its fixed course. In these days of crisis an excitable navigator would have sent the craft upon the rocks. A captain, fond of excitement and thoughtless of the consequences, would have steered the ship into the boiling seas, cleared the deck for action, and precipitated the vessel into participation in the struggle."

"For two years the American people have been tense in their interest, hopeful that their president would continue to be a safe pilot and Christian men and women have prayed that he might be guided by the Ruler of the Universe, so that, without sacrifice of American rights, peace might reign on this continent."

Secretary Daniels talked to his Methodist associates upon the history of their church, militant for righteousness, praised by Lincoln for sending the largest quota of troops to the army of Grant, but declared they stood with Bishop Cranston in praying to keep this nation out of the European embroilment. He dwelt upon the havoc, tragedy and disastrous consequence of war, and declared it would be a crime for any chief executive to plunge the nation into war when its rights could be maintained by firm diplomacy.

"When Lincoln faced problems not more difficult than have confronted Wilson for two years, he cautioned the people in his homely philosophy not to swap horses crossing the stream," said Mr. Daniels. "For Wilson's re-election the same argument is being made by peace-loving democrats, republicans, and progressives in every part of the country. And Christian men are praying that the same pilot will be kept at the wheel four years more."

"We are not a belligerent nation. We wish that every country would join us in submitting all controversies to arbitration. The thirty peace treaties express the aspirations the people of this country hold. There must be an international tribunal to hear and settle international differ-

ASK FOR AND GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTLED MILK
Cheaper substitutes cost YOU same price.

Ohio Electric Railway
"THE WAY TO GO"

MICHIGAN EXCURSION
Sept. 2nd and 3d, 1916
— via —
OHIO ELECTRIC RAILWAY
— and —

WHITE STAR LINE.
A Ten-Day Vacation Trip to Detroit, St. Clair Flats, Port Huron. A splendid Labor Day week-end outing.

RATES:
Detroit and return \$2.75
Star Island & return \$3.25
Port Huron & return \$3.50

For further information call ticket agent, Ohio Electric Ry., Lima.

F. A. Burkhardt, D. P. A.
W. S. Whitney, G. P. A.

Ohio Electric Railway
"THE WAY TO GO"

EVERY SUNDAY
\$1.25
to
TOLEDO
and return

\$0 going on trains leaving
6:00 a. m., 7:20 p. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:15 a. m. Returning on any train on date of sale. Train leaving Toledo 11:00 p. m. on 1st day. It runs through to Lima
\$0.75
to

INDIAN LAKE
and return

Good going on trains leaving
6:00 a. m., 7:15 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:40 a. m. Returning on any train on date of sale.

F. A. BURKHARDT,
District Passenger Agent,
Lima, O.

W. S. WHITNEY,
General Passenger Agent,
Springfield, O.

ances with power to enforce its decree.

"No matter how peaceably inclined America is, as long as there are powerful nations covetous to beside the earth our only safety is preparedness. Preparedness is far removed from militarism which course must never afflict our land."

"I am ambitious that my country shall have a strong and powerful navy. I must have nothing else while other nations are armed, but I hope the day is near at hand when international arbitration with power to enforce its decrees will make it unnecessary to impose a tax of three-quarters of a billion dollars for the army and navy. The navy bill points the way to an end to world-wide competitive building, and I hope and pray all the navy buildings nations will join with us in this much to be desired federation of man which will usher in a century of peace where the war drum will be heard no longer."

A SEASON OF TORTURE FOR SOME.
Hav fever causes untold misery to thousands. Asthma, too, counts its sufferers by the hundreds. Foley's Honey and Tar soothes that raw, rasping feeling in the throat, relieves hoarseness and wheezing, makes breathing easier, heals inflammation, permits refreshing slumber. Contains no opiates. H. F. Vortkamp.

**WANT WORKERS'
HEALTH INSURED**

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Health insurance legislation recently strongly recommended for America by the United States health service, and now the subject of investigation by official commissions in the states of Massachusetts and California, is the sole topic of the summer number of The American Labor Legislation Review, just issued from its New York headquarters by the American Association for Labor Legislation.

A model bill has been drafted by a special committee, formed for the purpose by the association, and consisting of such well-known authorities as Prof. Irving Fisher, Yale university, Dr. Alexander Lambert, the American Medical Association; Dr. Henry J. Harris, Library of Congress, and Miss Lillian D. Wald, president of the National Organization for the Public Nursing.

The model bill provides for the insurance of those earning less than \$100 a month at the joint expense of the employer and the employee and the state. The sick workman is to receive a weekly cash benefit equal to two-thirds of wages for a maximum of 26 weeks in a year, medical care for himself and his family, a small funeral benefit in case of death. The funds are to be under the mutual control of employers and employees. The secretary, John B. Andrews, announces that this bill will be introduced into more than 20 state legislatures next year.

Socialist Assemblyman A. L. Shiplacoff reiterated his belief in the necessity of state health insurance. A universal health insurance system, he said, would be the best means of preventing sickness and he appealed to all those interested in the welfare of the workers to wage a campaign for the enactment of such a measure by the legislature.

"I am of the opinion," continued Shiplacoff, that health insurance legislation is urgently needed in all states of the union. It is a lamentable fact that this country is still lagging behind Great Britain, Germany and other leading countries in this vital field of legislation.

"Recent investigations by the federal commission on industrial relations, the department of labor and the United States public health service have established the necessity for immediate legislation for the protection of the health of the wage workers of the United States.

"European experience, as well as our own experience in workmen's compensation, proves that the best way to prevent sickness and accidents is by a universal system of health insurance and by workmen's compensation laws."

"It is to be hoped that everybody who has the interests of the workers at heart will lend his immediate active support toward the enactment of favorable health insurance legislation in this and other states of the union."

A WOMAN'S KINDLY ACT.
Mrs. G. H. Evesland, Duncan Mills, Ill., writes: "I was stricken with lumbago, unable to turn in bed. A neighbor brought Foley Kidney Pills. She had been similarly afflicted and they cured her. I was cured by three bottles." If the kidneys do not function, lumbago, rheumatism, aches, pains, are apt to result. H. F. Vortkamp.

A want ad in the Times-Democrat will bring quick results.

100' going on trains leaving
6:00 a. m., 7:20 p. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:15 a. m. Returning on any train on date of sale. Train leaving Toledo 11:00 p. m. on 1st day. It runs through to Lima
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AMUSEMENTS

THE FAUROT PICTURES.

Mary Pickford's return to the Faurot today in Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's celebrated play, "The Dawn of a Tomorrow", is bringing throngs of delighted patrons to that theatre. Miss Pickford's portrayal of Glad in this splendid work ranked as one of her greatest achievements and the Famous Players have produced it in a manner that is worthy of both star and play. Although Little Mary is the center of interest she is exceptionally supported by a sterling cast which includes such admirable artists as David Powell, Forrest Robinson, Robert Cain, Margaret Seddon and Blanche Craig. The feature is accompanied by new Paramount Pictures, with a wealth of interesting and educational subjects, and the fine "Misery of Musty Suffer".

For Sunday and Monday the Faurot will again present Mary Pickford, but this time in her most recent success, "Hulda From Holland".

The success of this new photoplay has been phenomenal all over the country even for a Mary Pickford subject.

It has been stated that her Hulda is even more appealing than her Pepina.

The production abounds in those homely little domestic scenes which endear a character in the eyes of the spectator,

and everywhere Hulda goes she takes with her three of the most adorable little Dutch children that have ever been seen.

As the title suggests the story is Dutch in its setting, the action opening in Holland and then being transferred to New York City and the Dutch settlements of Pennsylvania. Miss Pickford is supported by a cast that includes such welcome favorites as Frank Losee, Russell Bassett, John Bowers, Charles E. Vernon and Haral Holzach.

"Hulda From Holland" will be accompanied by a new Bray-Paramount cartoon comedy, "Bobby Bumps and the Detective Story" and the latest edition of the Pathé News.

Let us suggest that you try to get to the Faurot in the afternoon.

"Hulda From Holland" has drawn record breaking attendance all over the country and the wise person will see it in the afternoon and avoid the big crowds that every night sees at the Faurot.

Wallace Reid and Cleo Ridgely, the two brilliant Lasky stars whose joint appearance in productions from that studio have been notable events on the Paramount program, will be seen at the Faurot next Tuesday and Wednesday in their latest screen success, "The House of the Golden Windows".

This film drama is said to charmingly fulfill the pretty promise of its name.

It is a modern version of an old fairy tale by L. V. Jefferson.

The scenes are laid in the hills of California and the unusual theme gives the popular stars equal opportunity for the display of their respective dramatic gifts.

The cast in their support includes James Neill, Mabel Van Buren, Horace B. Carpenter, Margay Daw and Little Billy Jacobs.

Lasky is said to have given the play some magnificent effects, both in the staging and photography.

This feature will be accompanied by new Burton Holmes Travels—"From Carlsbad to Moravia", and the latest edition of the Pathé News.

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MARKETS

SELLING MOVEMENT WALL ST. FUTURE

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The selling movement which was the feature of the late trading yesterday, made further progress at the beginning of business on the stock exchange today, when nearly all the leading issues were in supply at concessions, and losses of around a point were made in number of issues during the first fifteen minutes. Steel Common sold down to 96 1/4 against 97 at the close yesterday. Reading yielded 1 1/4 to 104 1/2. Union Pacific 1 1/4 to 140 1/2 and Anaconda 1 1/4 to 85 1/2.

The chief market incentive was a statement contained in the Washington dispatches in regard to the railway situation published this morning.

After the first 15 minutes trading some rallies occurred. General Motors sold at 575 and 575 against 575, the last sale on Wednesday. Inspiration copper declined a point to 54 1/2.

The stock market closed firm. Government bonds unchanged; railway and other bonds strong.

The close was: Alfa-Chalmers 2 1/2%; American Beet Sugar 88 1/2%; American Car & Foundry 62; American Coal Products 145; American Cotton Oil 52 1/2%; American Locomotive 77; American Smelting 98; American Steel Foundries 53 1/2%; American Tel. & Tel. 13 1/2%; American Woolen 125; Atchison 103; Baldwin Locomotive 80 1/2%; Baltimore & Ohio 86 1/2%; Bethlehem Steel 48; Brooklyn Rapid Transit 85; California Petroleum 17 1/2%; Canadian Pacific 177 1/2%; Chesapeake & Ohio 61 1/2%; Colorado Fuel & Iron 48%; Colorado Southern 30; Chino Copper 53; Consolidated Gas 135 1/2%; Crucible Steel 77; Erie 37%; Erie 1st pfd. 63 1/2%; General Electric 170 1/2%; General Motor 560; Goodrich Co. 72; Great Northern pfd. 117 1/2%; Great Northern Ore 28 1/2%; Illinois Central 101 1/2%; Interboro 16 1/2%; Interboro pfd. 74 1/2%; Central Leather 57; Kansas City Southern 25; Missouri, Kansas & Texas 3%; Kansas & Texas pfd. 10; Lackawanna Steel 76%; Lehigh Valley 80 1/2%; Miami Copper 35 1/2%; Maxwell Motor Co. 1st pfd. 83 1/2%; Mexican Petroleum 103%; New York Central 105; New York, N. H. & Hartford 59%; National Lead 55; Norfolk & Western 129 1/2%; New York, Ontario & Western 26 1/2%; Pennsylvania 55%; People's Gas 101 1/2%; Pressed Steel Car 53 1/2%; Ray Consolidated 25 1/2%; Marine 38 1/2%; Marine pfd. 99; Reading 106 1/2%; Republic Iron & Steel 53 1/2%; Republic Iron & Steel pfd. 113 1/2%; Rock Island 17 1/2%; Sloss Sheffield 47; Southern Pacific 98 1/2%; Southern Railway 23 1/2%; Southern Railway pfd. 67 1/2%; Studebaker Co. 126 1/2%; Tennessee 27 1/2%; Texas Co. 193; Third Avenue 62 1/2%; Union Pacific 141 1/2%; U. S. Rubber 56 1/2%; U. S. Steel 97 1/2%; U. S. Steel pfd. 116 1/2%; Utah Copper 83; Virginia Carolina Chemical 41; Western Union 95 1/2%; Westinghouse Electric 59 1/2%; Willys Overland 47 1/2%.

Sales 257,600 shares; bonds \$1,33,000.

CINCINNATI LIVE STOCK.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—Hogs, receipts 1,200; slow; packers and butchers \$10.80 @ 11:00; common to choice \$7.50 @ 10:75.

Cattle, receipts 400; quiet; calves lower.

CLEVELAND PRODUCE.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—Butter, cheese, live poultry and eggs, unchanged.

Potatoes, sacked Jersey \$1.40 @ 1.50 a bushel.

COFFEE OPENING.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Coffee opened 2 to 9 points higher today. Sales were 9,000 bags. Oct. 3.12 @ 20; Dec. 9.14 @ 15; March 9.28 bid; April 9.30 bid; May 9.44 @ 45; July 9.50 @ 52.

CHICAGO GRAIN CLOSE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Wheat closed 1 1/2 to 2 1/4c off from the opening. Corn and oats were fractionally lower. Provisions were higher. Close:

Wheat, Sept. 151 1/2%; Dec. 154 @ 153 1/2%; May 156.
Corn, Sept. 86; Dec. 75; May 78 1/2.
Oats, Sept. 46%; Dec. 49%; May 58 1/2%.
Pork, Sept. \$27.05; Oct. \$26.10; Dec. \$28.25.
Lard, Sept. \$14.15; Oct. \$14.20; Dec. \$13.85.
Rib, Sept. \$14.40; Oct. \$14.15; Jan. \$12.80.

TOLEDO GRAIN CLOSE.

TOLEDO, Aug. 26.—Close: Wheat cash 157; Sept. 157 1/2%; Dec. 162 1/2%; May 167.

Corn, cash 89; Sept. 88; Dec. 76 1/2%; May 80%.

Oats, cash 48 1/2%; Sept. 49%; Dec. 52 1/2%; May 56%.

Clover seed, prime, cash 890; Oct. 902; Dec. 895; March 875; April 850.

Aisike, prime, cash 895; Aug. 995; Sept. 995; Dec. 995.

BUFFALO LIVESTOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, Aug. 26.—Cattle, receipts 400; market slow; prime steers \$8.50 @ 10.25; butcher g-ad \$7.00 @ 8.50.

Calves, receipts 100; market slow and 50c lower; cull to choice \$4.50 @ 13.00.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 100; market slow; choice lambs \$10.50 @ 10.75; cull to fair \$7.50 @ 10.25; yearlings \$8.00 @ 9.00; sheep \$3.00 @ 8.00.

Hogs, receipts 2500; market active; workers \$10.00 @ 11.20; pigs \$9.50 @ 9.75; mixed \$11.00 @ 11.25; heavy \$11.20 @ 11.25; foughs \$9.00 @ 9.75; stags \$8.00 @ 8.50.

MONEY TO LOAN

on household goods, pianos, diamonds, live stock, implements, etc.

In addition to loaning our money much cheaper than others, we assure you most courteous consideration at all times.

Loans to farmers, straight time, in amounts to \$500.



MORTGAGE LOANS
FIRST OR SECOND-REAL ESTATE SECURITY
NO DELAY.
THE KALB-THRIFT CO.
129 1/2 West High St. (Times Building)
One Door East of Post Office.

LOCAL MARKET Corrected to Date

HOTEL FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Mangos, 3 for 5c; Cucumbers, 5 and 8c; Cocosnauts, 5 to 10c; New Potatoes, 3c per pound, 4c per peck; New Cabbage, 5c pound; Okra, 5c per bunch; Oranges, 30 to 60c dozen; Lemons, 40c dozen; Parsley, 5c bunch; Tomatoes, 5c lb.; Apples, 6c lb.; New Turnips, 3 bunches for 10c; Sweet Potatoes, 7c lb.; New Peas, 10c lb.; Grape Fruit, 8c and 10c; Salinity, 6c bunch; Green Beans, 10c per pound; Water Melons, 35c, 45c, 50c; Cantaloupe, 10c, 12c, 15c; Dew Berries, 15c qt.; Plums, 8c lb.

POULTRY AND PRODUCE.

Creamery Butter, 32c lb.; Butterine, 25c lb.; Country Butter, 25 to 30c lb.; Fresh Eggs, 25c doz.; Lard per pound, 18c; Hams, 14c pound; Spring Chickens, 40c pound; Dresser, 27c pound; Geese, dressed, 16c pound; Dressed Turkeys, 32c pound.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Fat Steers, \$90 to 1,000 pounds, \$6 @ 6 1/2c; heifers, 6 @ 6 1/2c; heavy and thin calves \$7.00 @ 9.00; Hogs, receipts 12; market higher. Prime heavy hogs \$11.15 @ 11.20; medium and heavy workers \$11.20 @ 11.25; light workers \$10.50 @ 10.75; pigs \$9.75 @ 10.00; roughs \$9.50 @ 9.75; stags \$7.50 @ 8.00.

Sheep, supply light; market steady. Prime wethers \$7.80 @ 8.00; good mixed \$7.25 @ 7.75; fair mixed \$6.75 @ 7.00; culs and commons \$3.50 @ 5.00; spring lambs \$7.00 @ 10.50.

CINCINNATI LIVE STOCK.

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Aisike, prime, cash 895; Aug. 995; Sept. 995; Dec. 995.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

UNION STOCK MARKET, CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Hogs, receipts 11,000, market strong; mixed and butchers \$10.50 @ 11.10; good and heavy \$10.55 @ 11.15; rough heavy \$10.00 @ 10.50; light \$10.25 @ 11.10; pigs \$8.50 @ 9.75; bulk \$10.45 @ 11.00.

Cattle, receipts 600; market steady; heifers \$6.75 @ 7.75; cows and feeders \$3.50 @ 9.40; stockers and feeders \$2.25 @ 7.65; Texans \$6.60 @ 9.75; calves \$10.50 @ 12.00.

Sheep, receipts 2,000; market steady; native and western \$4.75 @ 8.00; lambs \$8.25 @ 10.75.

COTTON CLOSE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Cotton closed steady. Sept. 156 1/2 @ 67; Oct. 157 1/2 @ 72; Nov. 157 1/2 bid; Dec. 158 1/2 @ 80; Jan. 159 1/2 @ 92; Feb. 159 1/2 bid; March 160 1/2 @ 88; April 161 1/2 @ 92; bid; May 162 1/2 @ 93; June 162 1/2 @ 95; July 162 1/2 @ 97.

TOLEDO LIVESTOCK.

TOLEDO, Aug. 26.—Hogs, market steady; selected heavies \$10.90 @ 10.95; good medium \$9.90 @ 9.95; light wethers \$9.85 @ 9.90; light workers \$10.00 @ 10.50; good mixed \$9.90; bulk of sales \$9.90; common to good pigs \$8.75 @ 9.85; roughs \$8.00 @ 8.35; stags \$8.00 @ 8.35.

Cattle, market steady.

Sheep and lamb market steady.

METAL MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Copper firm; Nov. and Dec. 28; first quarter 27. Speier easier, prime western spot 9 1/2-12; Sept. 9 3-8; Oct. 9; Nov. and Dec. 8 3-4.

NEW YORK—While the crowd applauded for an encore, Alphonso Attoh, 60-year-old player, dropped dead on the stage of a Brooklyn theater.

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN

By GENE BYRNE



WANTED

WANTED—Young men as railway mail clerks, \$75.00 per month. Sample examination questions free. Franklin Institute Dept., 325 E. Chestnut, N. Y. 7-12-32.

WANTED—We will pay beginners to learn the cigar-making trade, \$4.50 per week for four weeks, and then \$5.00 per week until more can be earned by piece work. Industrious girls should earn from \$10.00 to \$15.00 per week after trade is acquired. Factory buildings well lighted and ventilated, affording remunerative employment under cheerful, healthful conditions. Havana strippers are also wanted. Apply either factory. The Deles-Werner Company.

to-th-aast

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—177 acres two miles from Lima, \$150.00 per acre. 80 acres near Vaughnsville \$135.00 per acre. Bakery in Findlay, will trade for Lima property. John A. Mohr, Main 2317, 105-306 Holmes Blk. 8-26-32.

FOR SALE—Restaurant fixtures, entire stock and lease. Good location and doing good business. Inquire 790 North Main St. 2212.

FOR SALE—A vacuum sweeper, rug, dining table, chairs, stand, cupboard, bookcase and oak bed room suite. Call Monday or Tuesday morning at 1135 Lakewood avenue.

FOR SALE—A vacuum sweeper, rug, dining table, chairs, stand, cupboard, bookcase and oak bed room suite. Call Monday or Tuesday morning at 1135 Lakewood avenue.

FOR SALE—In all parts of Lima. Prices \$1,000 to 1,000. Cash or easy terms. You want to buy a home, call us. Phone Main 1026. Home Builders, Room 210. Savings 11-12.

PUBLIC SALE.

Saturday, Aug. 26, the livery stock at 114 and 116 South Union street, Lima, O. Horses, buggies, wagons, harness, robes, blankets, etc. E. PARROTT.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Eric Hotel, 40 rooms, newly furnished, papered, painted and decorated. Call on premises or phone Main 1087. John O'Connel, 503 N. Jackson. 7-25-32.

FOR RENT—New six room house, 548 Hazel Ave. Hardwood floors, furnace and bath. Rent \$18.00 per month. No small children. D. C. Dunn, \$10 Savings Bldg. Main 1026. 4-25-32.

FOR RENT—2 flats on west Vine street, 2nd house from Metcalf St. car line. Close to south side mfg. plants. Cheap rent. Phone 3698. 11-21-61.

FOR RENT—Room 18x50, 3rd floor Times-Democrat building. Suitable for light manufacturing, jobbing, or can be divided into offices. Inquire Times-Democrat office. 2-87-32.

MISCELLANEOUS

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

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STATEN ISLANDERS REVOLT AS GARBAGE IS DUMPED NEAR

Greater New York Faces Revolutionary Tactics of Enraged Dwellers.

Threaten to Secede as Borough From Tyranny of Manhattan.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The people of Staten Island have given the lie once and for all to that oft-heard complaint that the fiery spirit of freedom and revolt which brought this nation into being is dormant or moribund.

In defense of their rights as American citizens, these Staten Islanders have registered a kick with round Manhattan—and especially round City Hall. They have started a stirring revolution with alarms and excursions galore, blowing of whistles and ringing of bells, clamorous mass meeting, midnight surprises and daring captures of the enemy. The Boston patriots threw a few hundred pounds of tea into the bay. The New York revolutionists have outdone them in about the usual ratio of New York to Boston by keeping two million tons of garbage out of their part of the bay.

Yes, that's what the was is all about—garbage. Not the most romantic caucus bell in the world, but dignified by its immensity. For the Staten Islanders are threatened with the garbage of all New York, with thousands of tons of garbage daily floating past their waterfront, assaulting their nostrils, and usually dumped on their shores to be converted into fertilizer for the prod. of Manhattan! For four months a force of arms and cunning of strategy, the Islanders have blocked every effort of the contractors to gain a foothold on their father-borough, and now, pushed to desperate remedies, they have made their declaration of independence. They propose to secede from the city of Greater New York, and constitute themselves a separate municipality, the health department of which will forthwith proclaim the garbage plant a nuisance and a menace and abolish it once and for all.

The garbage plant is not the whole or only trouble by any means. This is the situation: Although Staten Island is about 18 per cent of the area of New York, it has only a hundred thousand people, so that numerically it is the weakest of the five boroughs. It has only one vote out of sixteen on the board of estimates, and only three out of seventeen aldermen are its representatives. Hence, Staten Island is a tendency to become the goat. When the subway system was built, campaign promises were that it should connect all five boroughs, but Staten Island has no subway yet. It has, however, several other things it doesn't want, including a tuberculosis hospital, and other city institutions of an undesirable sort. Furthermore, although still a suburban and partly a farming community, it is burdened with the same restrictions as the tenement districts. The farmers, for example, can keep scarcely any live stock. Formerly the borough produced all of its own milk. Now there are not 50 cows on the island and the milk comes all the way across Manhattan.

Staten Island has endured all of these things with patience if not resignation. Then came the proposal to dump the garbage of the city on the island—and the goats on its hind legs and received the proposition on both horns. The way in which the Staten Islanders have defeated the purpose and will of the greatest city in the world for four months is a most interesting and unusual story. Good Queen Anne of colonial days is an essential factor in the plot. It seems that to some bothersome courtier

Great For Emergencies

San Cura Ointment Should Be in Every Home.

There never was known a more reliable ointment than San Cura. In most every case where it has been used it has treated astonishment. It drew a needle out of the foot of the daughter of Mrs. James Luthecock, of Centreville, just after the doctor had used his lancet and failed.

It has great healing and antiseptic value. It possesses so much healing virtue that it is guaranteed by Minor M. Keltner to relieve any kind of psoriasis, eczema, tetter, scabies, rheuma, boils, carbuncles, ulcers, all kinds of chronic sores, chilblains, and chapped hands, or money back.

It's a mighty handy remedy to have in the house. In emergencies for bruises, burns, cuts and scalds because it relieves the pain and is antiseptic and healing. It's a medicine chest in itself—little family physician that is ever in demand. 25 cents a tube and 50c a jar at Minor M. Keltner's Enterprise Drug Store.

BEST SKIN SOAP.
is San Cura Soap, because of its great antiseptic and healing virtues. Use it regularly, and it will make the skin soft and velvety; will remove pimples and blackheads. It's the real soap for babies' tender skin, which mothers of infants could remember 25 cents a tube at Minor M. Keltner's Enterprise Drug Store.

she granted all of the waterfront on the island which did not already belong to somebody else. At the time nobody wanted any of it, for it was a desolate waste of marshland. Now that it has become valuable, there are a number of different titles.

When the garbage plant law had been passed, a certain real estate man was given a contract to furnish a site for the plant for \$60,000. He accordingly selected a piece of land and bought one of the titles to it. Mr. E. P. Doyle, a citizen of the island who owns a large amount of property there, promptly bought another title to the same land and put the cabin of a houseboat on it. The Staten Islanders, who had meantime organized in a series of indignation meetings, under the leadership of William Wirt Mills, executive officer of their Civic League, stationed an armed guard over the property.

Now it would require years of litigation to decide who really owned that piece of land, and the contractor was not minded to wait that long—in fact, he couldn't afford to do so. Accordingly, he too organized an armed force of 19 men, which was about three times as large as that of the citizens. In the dead of night he descended upon the contested tract, surrounded the cabin, took the citizen guard prisoners, and removed them to New York. He also placed in the cabin six of his own force to hold it against all invaders.

Now here was a most amazing situation in the midst of the metropolis of our civilization—two armed parties fighting over a piece of real estate in the city of New York. As soon as the citizens were released, they appealed to the police for protection. But the police, for various reasons more or less clear, either couldn't or wouldn't bust the invaders. Thereupon Roger Doyle, son of the citizen owner, kicked in the door of the cabin, entered, and demanded that the occupants surrender, asserting on his part the right of any citizen to arrest a law-breaker. The guards were overawed and surrendered.

The citizens now held the fort, but not for long. With a large force from a detective agency, the contractor again effected a night capture and put his own men in the cabin, which was strongly barricaded. Again the Ethan Allen of the island demanded their surrender. He tried to effect an entrance, but couldn't. Thereupon he went up the bar, got a large scow and a crane, swung the cabin aboard and floated the enemy, fort and all back to Manhattan.

After these harrowing experiences, the contractor decided that he did not want that particular site after all, so he selected a second one to which the title was more secure, and is still holding it. When it came to build the proposed plant, however, it was necessary to get a permit from the borough government, and this was refused. Now the processes of law were finally gotten under way, and the court issued a peremptory mandamus to the borough to grant the necessary permit. Accordingly, the permit was drawn up and signed by the clerk, when then went on a long vacation without leaving any address.

When the contractor came for the permit, it could not be found. The clerk's desk was ransacked in vain. Finally, the combination of the safe was found, and this too was searched without avail. No possible hiding place was left except an inner compartment to which the clerk had the only key. This compartment was broken into, and the permit found.

So, at last, after four months of delay, the city is ready to erect its garbage plant, having obtained its permit to do so, as the Staten Islanders say, by bludgeons.

That is not all they say, either. Some of the remarks in the last bulletin of their Civic League make the Declaration of Independence sound like a commencement oration. This is the way they summarize the situation:

The united opposition of the people of Staten Island has for four months prevented the establishment here of a garbage reduction plant. The continued opposition of the people of this borough can prevent for all time this threatened destruction of our health, our homes and our property.

The complete success of this fight for self-preservation requires loyalty, courage and none!

No Staten Islander should give aid or comfort to the enemies of Staten Island, or minimize the peril of threatened invasion.

This is the time to stand fast on our rights and fight.

We don't want the garbage plant we won't have it!"

At the next session of the New York legislature, a bill is to be presented providing for the establishment of Staten Island as a separate city. After being passed by the legislature, the bill will have to come before the mayor. He is expected to veto it. The bill must then be passed again over his veto. So the road to freedom, is not easy. But the people are determined and for the most part in harmony. They say that it is only a matter of time until the city of Staten Island will be created.

GREENWOOD AND HOLLY.

The greenwood tree of English song and story is now said to have been the holly, which retains its bright dress the year round and is supposed to have stood Robin Hood and other outlaws in good stead when, clad in Lincoln green, they sought its shelter, depending on the law of protective coloration to escape the laws of Nottingham town and other troublesome municipalities—Exchange

WHEN IT RAINS THE ARMY JUST SINGS DOWN IN MEXICO

Cheerful Spirit Keeps U. S. Soldier Boys in Good Health.

Pershing's Army is Making Best of the Disagreeable Weather and Sickness.

HEADQUARTERS, American Punitive Expedition, Mexico, (via motor truck train to Columbus, N. M.), August 26.—The camp is a good deal healthier than it has a right to be. In considering this, do not forget that it is due in no small measure to the cheerfulness and spirit of the American soldier under all circumstances."

Thus spoke the eminent sanitary expert after he had inspected this camp and while he was waiting for the motor truck train that would take him back to the states. The eminent sanitary expert carried credentials from the war department, a camera and wore a white stock.

He seemed to be acquainted personally with all manner of insects and microbes, calling them familiarly by their Latin names.

But he knew a good deal about human nature, too. Witness the statement just quoted and witness this day in camp.

It is raining. It has been raining since morning. It began over Pajarito mountain and swept a torrent down on the camp. The rain is quick-firing against the taut surface of this tent with the sound of a thousand frying pans sputtering at once. The ditch around the tent is pretty nearly filled and the water is gurgling and rippling to the main drain trench. Some of the ditches

have proved false to their trust and the water—gurgling and rippling just as cheerful—is backing into the less fortunate tents.

The rain has even caused the cancellation of the evening hand concert and this is a great misfortune, almost as great as the news that the truck train carrying the mail has been delayed and will not be in until tomorrow morning.

Altogether it should be a despondent sort of a day. But it would take more rain than it took to flood the Ark to dampen the spirits of the camp.

Listen! Through the mist comes the sound of singing.

"And if I stay out late at night I get a whippin' when I get back home."

The negroes of—company—infantry, are crooning "Sally" their favorite ballad and enjoying it very much. After each verse the unmistakable "yah-yah" of the negro laugh sounds over the camp.

A trooper is hurrying across a parade under a slicker. As he reaches the main ditch he slips and takes a header into it. He is cheered by the guard on the picket line. He responds by bowing effusively and announcing himself as "Mademoiselle Farina, the Diving Venus".

There is a good natured discussion now on the picket line regarding a broken rake-handle.

"I'm chief hav-pushin' in this here army," says Walters of the artillery.

"And I broke that rake-handle in pursuit of my doot."

"You broke that rake-handle leanin' on it," retorts the man who carries the other half of Walters' sheath.

There follows an enthusiastic de-

scription of an ideal camping spot.

In the next tent an officer is calling across to this tent for his striker and a shovel and a pick.

"Have you fellows sponge?" he calls across to this tent when an investigation head is poked out of the flap.

"I know just how Noah felt."

I'm flooded to a fare-thee-well. A blotter would help."

From the mess comes an appetizing smell of onions and hot coffee and "nine kinds of meat"—as hash is known to us.

The negro soldiers are singing "Sally" again.

"My daddy neither——"

Johnny, the mess-boy, appears at the tent flap, dripping. Formally he announces supper, as follows:

"Come get it!"

We grab slippers, ponchos and blankets and splash for the mess-tent.

7:30 P. M.—The mail orderly just arrived with a handful of letters from home! Our tent is singing "Sally" and enjoying it very much.

HE COULD HARDLY WALK.

Deranged kidneys cause rheumatism, aches, pains, soreness, stiffness. Ambrose Gary, Sulphur, Okla., writes: "I was bothered with kidney trouble ten years and at times could hardly walk. began taking Foley Kidney Pills. I got relief from the first but continued till I had taken three bottles. I feel like a new man." H. F. Vortman.

TOTALS FOR FOREIGN TRADE.

WASHINGTON. Aug. 26.—Figures today made public by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce, show American imports for July were valued at 183 million dollars, a falling off of 63 million dollars compared with June. July exports amounted to 446 million dollars, a decrease of 19 million dollars compared with the previous month. But although the total foreign trade for the month fell below that for the record month of June it exceeded that of the previous July by 40 million dollars and is the July record for American trade.

The foreign trade for the year ending with July last also marks a new high record, being 6,748 million.

HOTELS AND THIRTEEN.

One of the big hotels in the up-town shopping district of New York considers the number of superstitious travelers sufficiently large to justify a concession to them. The elevator indicators in this hotel show that there is a twelfth floor and a fourteenth, but the figure 13 does not appear on the dial. From the 1200's the rooms jump to the 1400's. Clerks in hotels which have a thirteenth floor say that the number of patrons who insist on avoiding the hoodoo number is large. Frequently a person assigned to that floor asks to be transferred even if her removal to another floor means the exchange of an outside room for one inside.—New York Sun.

NEW YORK.—F. F. Winter, of Cleveland, John Frost of San Antonio, and Mr. and Mrs. Chester Snow, of Boston, came to town yesterday and at once the torrid spell was broken.

Used Cars at Bargain Prices

In order to clean up our used cars, we will for the next ten days offer them for sale at the following extraordinarily low prices. If you are in the market for a used car, we will give you detailed information as to the condition of each car offered, and guarantee them to be as represented:

One 5-passenger Ford T. C.....	\$225
One Ford Truck, express body.....	\$250
One E. M. F. 5-passenger Touring Car.....	\$200
One Oakland Roadster.....	\$200
One Studebaker 5-passenger Touring Car.....	\$235
One Cadillac 5-passenger, 1913.....	\$213
One Cadillac 7-passenger, 1914.....	\$214

Prices on application. No trades will be considered on the above cars, but reasonable credit will be extended to responsible persons.

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We Offer the GREATEST BARGAINING EVER Given.

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\$1.75 Rugs, 27x54	\$1.00
\$1.50 Clothes Basket	\$1.00
\$1.75 Food Grinder	\$1.00
\$2.00 Pictures	\$1.00
\$1.50 Wash Boiler	\$1.00
\$1.75 Ironing Board	\$1.00
\$2.00 Magazine Rack	\$1.00
\$1.50 Child's Rocker	\$1.00
\$1.75 Tea Kettle	\$1.00
\$1.50 Mirror, 14x20 ...	\$1.00
\$1.50 Clothes Hamper	\$1.00
\$1.50 Wizard Mop	\$1.00
\$2.00 Suit Cases	\$1.00
\$3.00 Piano Lamps	\$1.00
\$2.00 German Clocks	\$1.00
\$1.50 Comforters	\$1.00

\$2.00 Blankets	\$1.00

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